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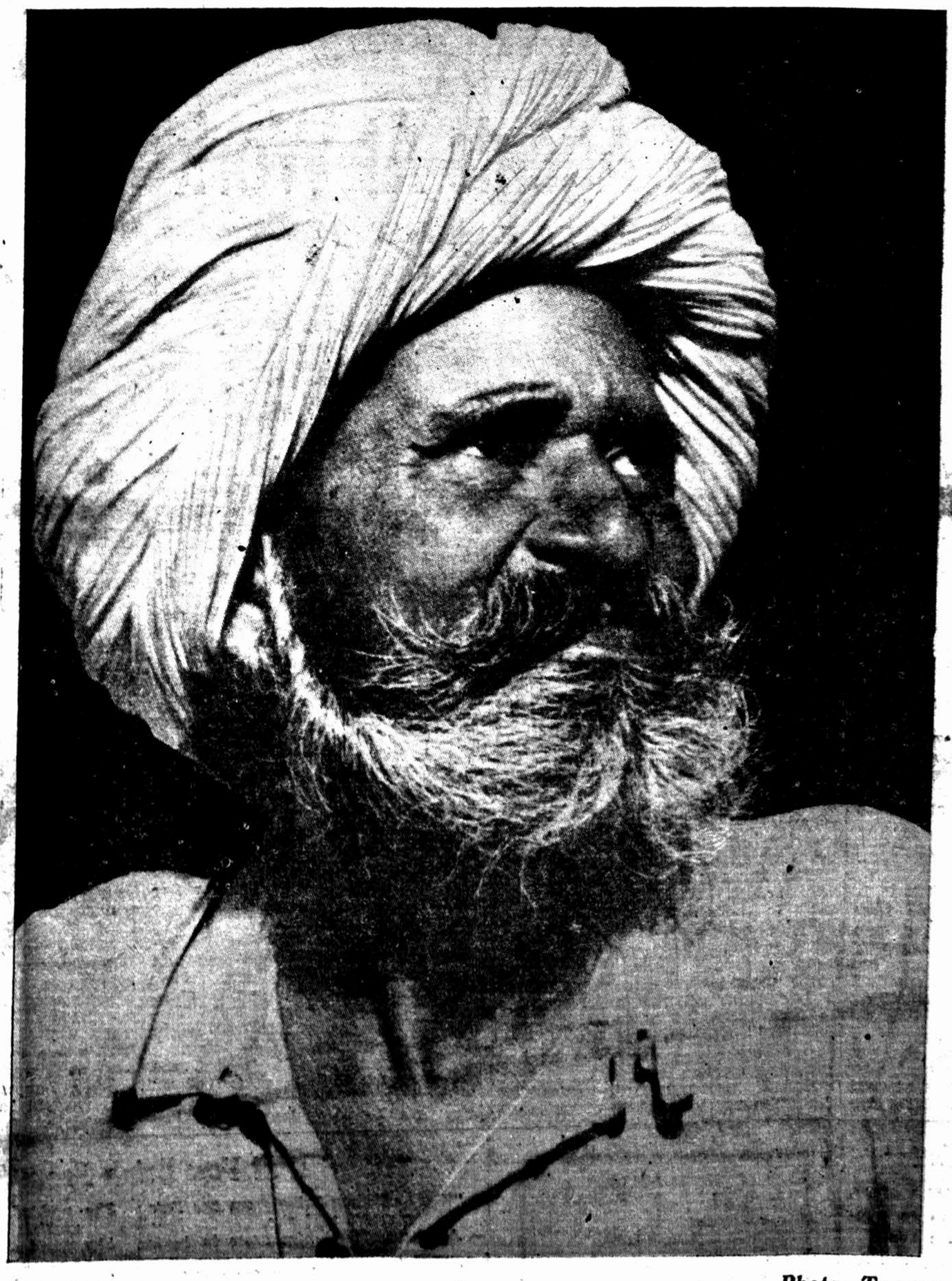
Punjab Peasant



Photo—Tasveer

BY GEORGE BERNARD SHAW

'The Man Who Kept Shakespeare Alive'

(See Page 3)

A Spy Story

Secret Agents At Work

BY A. E. DIXON

THIS is the story of what happened somewhere in Burma just before the Japanese occupation.

I held a very responsible post in the Secret Service somewhere in Burma. This was not known except to a very few people very high up, as my life would not have been worth a moment's purchase once the Enemy Agents got to know who I was.

As a matter of fact I had been a member of the Diplomatic Service for many years before I had got married and had helped to solve many mysteries for the Government on the Continent. However a married man is not much good for this kind of work as his life is always in danger and so I had been allowed to resign but had been given a good Government job in Burma.

*

I Rejoin The Service

As the Japs advanced, I saw that I could help a great deal as being a married man there was less chance of my being suspected. So I had joined the Secret Service again in addition to my usual Government job which served as a blind.

For this reason it was very necessary that all I did outwardly was just the same as what every one in my position was expected to do, belong to the usual Clubs and so on.

This succeeded in putting the Enemy Agents off the track and I felt more or less safe from being poisoned or shot at in the dark.

For obvious reasons I had not informed my wife that I had joined the Secret Service again, one of them being that she would have become unnecessarily nervous on my account.

There were days now when it became necessary for me to be away from home for long periods, but this I rightly explained to my wife as special Government War Work.

One day I was informed by my Chief that somehow or other the Enemy Agents had succeeded in finding out the source of our information, although as yet they had not got my name and address.

This made me a bit nervous as I had a Secret Transmitting Set at my house for sending my messages, in code, when the usual channels were not thought safe. Once someone spotted this set I would be suspected as no member of the general public was allowed to own a Broadcasting Set in war time. Once an expert gained access to my house he would not have had much difficulty in finding it.

I used to get valuable information from Enemy occupied territory through our agents working behind the lines, and I used to pass it on to Headquarters. In this way we were made aware of some of the Enemy's most secret plans and movements.

*

A Pair Of Shoes

One day when I got home from work, my wife told me that a man had come round with a lot of very nice shoes, and as they were not too expensive she had bought a pair. I immediately suspected something fishy so I asked my wife to show me the shoes. I was not satisfied till I had examined them and the box very carefully to make sure that they were all right. My wife was amazed that I spent such a long time examining them with a powerful magnifying glass. To pass it off I said that it was really a very good pair of shoes and very cheap at the price.

I then casually asked for a description of the man. My wife said he appeared to be a Jew of some sort and showed me the card he had left behind.

The name on the card was Jacob Moviski, agent for Isaac Klien's portable Wireless Sets, (I had never heard of the Firm before) and also agent for The Easy-Fit Shoe Co.

My wife said he had only brought round shoes but promised to bring the wireless sets the next time he came round which would be in about two or three days time.

After reading the card I warned my wife that when he came round again with the wireless sets she had not to play the set on any account. She had to ask him to plug in and switch it on himself. I also told her that most probably he would leave the set on approval and that she had to leave it as it was till I came home, she had not to play it or allow any one else to touch it as I wished to examine the valves etc. to make sure everything was O.K.

You see I was a bit of an authority on Wireless and my wife had great faith in my abilities.

Now I was almost sure that Jacob Maviski was a spy and was most probably a German passing himself off as a Polish Refugee, so I had everything prepared for his reception the next time he came..

*

The Wireless Set

One evening, a few days later, my wife informed me that Jacob had been round with the wireless set. He had 'tuned in' to the stations available at the time, and the tone of the set she said was marvellous. She said she had got him to plug in and switch on the set just where and how I had mentioned. (There was a reason for this unknown to my wife.)

Well, after I had had a wash and my tea, I followed my wife to the Drawing Room. She was just about to switch on the set to get the evening War News, when I shouted, "Wait! don't touch it on any account!" She thought I had taken leave of my senses. But when I had carefully opened the back and examined the valves, I found an extra valve, which could be switched on and off as required. This was not an ordinary valve but was one filled with high explosive, as it proved on examination later by an expert.

Jacob had left it switched to the 'on' position all unknown to my wife telling her not to play the set on any account till I returned from work in the evening. This she had willingly agreed to as it was exactly what I had already told her.

As mentioned earlier, I had already prepared for Jacob's reception. I had fixed up two small cameras in such concealed positions that Jacob had photographed himself in two different positions when he had switched on the set.

Had I not suspected something from the very start both of us would have been blown to bits when the set was switched on that evening.

I was very thankful that my guess had come right and that we had escaped, but I now had to tell my wife everything.

After developing the films I took the prints to my Chief and told him everything that had occurred, asking for a transfer immediately, as not only my life but that of my wife also was in great danger.

*

The End Of Jacob

Plain clothes C.I.D. men were placed at the two Railway Stations. Jacob was identified by the photographs I had supplied and was shot while resisting arrest after he had wounded one of the men.

Before I could be relieved a second attempt was made on my life.

My Chief could not send another man to relieve me immediately so I had to hang on where I was for the time being carrying on my daily Government job as usual as if nothing had happened.

Another reason for not relieving me was that as my identity was now known to the Enemy Agents it was thought that some more of them would be led into betraying themselves by trying to get at me. So I was practically in the position of the goat tied over a 'kill' under a "machan" waiting for the tiger to come and pounce upon it.

*

Two Bundles Of Silk

A few days later, when I came home from work, my wife informed me that she had bought a lot of very good silk dress material cheap from two refugee Chinamen from Singapore. She said they were new to the place and did not know the exact value of their stuff. She further said that they had returned later and asked her to keep their two big bundles for a short time as the police were after them for hawking silk about without a licence. They had promised to come back for their bundles after dark.

One glance at the two bundles was enough for me. They had been left in a corner of the hall where they were out of the way.

I closed the door and going into the drawing room explained to my wife that I suspected something fishy about the whole affair.

I gave orders that no one had to go into the hall and that we were not 'at home' to any body that evening.

I then wrote an urgent note to my friend, Inspector X at the nearest Police Station asking him to come round immediately with four or five men, and sent it round with the bearer on a bicycle.

I told the Inspector, when he arrived, all that my wife had said about buying the silk from the two Chinamen and about them returning later and leaving their bundles in the hall, saying that the police were after them.

The Inspector said, "Oh! I see, you want me to take charge of the silk and remove it to the Police Station. O.K. I will do that, please show me the bundles and I will call my men to lift them to the Police van outside. But why did you ask for four or five men when two would have been sufficient?"

To this I replied, "You will see. Inspector, please bring your men in here as I would like you to open the bundles."

He called his men and I then took them into the hall. All this time we had been talking on the verandah.

The Inspector took out his Note Book and was preparing to make a list of what the bundles contained.

"You may close your book, Inspector", I said, "I don't want a list but please tell your men to be careful."

"Oh! you suspect something" he said laughing, "alright we will be very careful."

*

The First Bundle

He asked one of the policemen to open the first bundle. I again warned him to be careful. No sooner had the knots of the outer cloth been undone when the whole bundle came to life and a man armed with a long knife jumped out. He knocked over the policeman who had opened the bundle, wounding him on the shoulder and rushed off towards the door.

"Pukro! Pukro!" shouted the now startled Inspector, but his men were too late to catch him.

I had suspected something of the kind and had been standing near the door and I promptly tripped the man with my foot. He saw my move and very nearly succeeded in cutting off my leg had I not withdrawn it in the nick of time. The policemen then overpowered him and took away his knife.

*

The Second Bundle

All this took only a few seconds and before this man was subdued and hand-cuffed the second bundle started swaying and another man jumped out. having cut his way out with a long knife which he brandished like a sword. At first it appeared as if he would get away as the policemen were still busy with the first man on the floor. But again I had thought something like this would happen and quickly grabbed a chair and threw it at his legs as he made for the door. The chair caught him just behind the knees and he went over with a bump.

The Inspector and I jumped on him before he could regain his feet. I had his wrist under my boot and soon removed his murderous knife. We then held him down till he was hand-cuffed.

Was the Inspector surprised? He said, "In all my twenty-five years' service I haven't seen or heard of anything like this. How did you suspect something out of the ordinary?"

"Oh, that, my dear sir, is where brains count," I replied, and left him to think it over.

Later these two men were identified as Japanese Secret Agents. Doubtless they had intended to cut their way out of the bundles at night and then to cut our throats as we slept.

After this episode I was called to Headquarters and sent by air to somewhere in North Africa to take the place of a man who was wounded and was on the sick list.

My wife was sent Home to England where I promised to join her as soon as I was relieved.

What happened in North Africa will be told in another story at a later date.

Do You Know That—

1. The earth takes 365 days 5 hours, 48 minutes and 45.5 seconds to complete a revolution round the sun.

2. The Leaning Tower of Pisa deviates 16 feet from the perpendicular.

3. According to road tax returns there were in Great Britain before the war about 1,600,000 cars, close on 500,000 motor-cycles, 420,000 goods vehicles of all kinds (including over 2,000 electrically propelled), 85,000 taxis and motor hackneys, 11,000 tram cars, and 20,000 horse-drawn vehicles.

4 The Davis Cup competition for tennis was instituted in 1900.

5. Built at a cost of £1,000,000 and opened in 1894, the Tower Bridge, London, was designed by Sir Horace Jones and Sir J. Wolfe Barry.

6. The Sewing machine was invented in 1840.

7. The first concrete road was laid in 1873 in Edinburgh and the first reinforced concrete road in 1913 in Cheshire.

"I see the critics disagreed about the merits of young Jones' picture."

"Yes! They couldn't make up their minds whether it was a pity to waste the canvas or a pity to waste the paint".

"What Will You Bring From The Fair?"

"What will you bring from the Fair for me?", said she,
As she watched him dress in tunic and turban
"What will you bring for me?"
"I'll bring you an emerald as green as the rain-washed hills
"In weight like a stone—the ransom of a king,
"Square in shape and green, green like the sea."
She laughed at this fantasy.
"But we've no money—just enough for one meal a day,
"We patch and we pinch till our very life seems to drain away.
"We've no money," said she.
"I'll get you a ruby—red as the blood of a prince
"Or diamonds that will glint in the night".
But she just laughed and shook her head. "We've no money."
Yet, woman-like, she persisted,
"What will you bring from the Fair for me?"
With dancing mischief in his eyes he asked, "Shall it be a cradle?
"Can I bring you a cradle of lacquered wood, with quaint patterns?"
She nodded her head and smiled wistfully—
She thrilled at the new life that was to be.
"Yes, bring a cradle," said she.
"A cradle let it be."
And so, to the Fair went he.
Fawn-tinted dusk turned to saffron light
While she counted the stars
Till her patience melted into a languid sleep.
Would it be an emerald, a ruby, a diamond
Dreamt she. Or only a wooden cradle
For the life that stirred within her?
"We've no money", her dream said,
"Only enough for one meal a day."
Back from the Fair came he, a lilting song on his lips,
Alert, she asked, "What have you brought for me?"
"This, my sweet", said he, as he laid a snow-white flower on her palm.
"The emblem of my love for you,
"The symbol of yours for me."

—*Adi K. Sett*

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Delhi Letter

From Our Special Correspondent

PATTABHI COMMITTEE REPORT

A Triumph Of Ambitions Over Realities

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya Committee has made its report, which, inter alia, would elevate Chief Commissioners' Provinces to Lieutenant Governor's Provinces and would provide them with elected legislatures and Councils of Ministers responsible to legislatures.

The report is a triumph of ambitions over realities.

Some members of the Pattabhi Committee would like to become Ministers at any cost and at any body's cost. They carried on an unsuccessful agitation for the extension of Delhi Province. It did not catch and was fused out. They have now come out with another Plan. The Chairman of the Committee, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, who is the strongest champion of a separate Andhra Province, could not curb these ambitions. When India needs peace and fullest development of her resources at a minimum cost, these gentlemen would like a separate province for every language and probably for every dialect spoken in this country.

They will fight Mr. Jinnah for advocating the two-nation theory. At the same time, they will do everything in their power to prevent India becoming one nation, speaking one language.

There are three Chief Commissioner's Provinces in India at present, namely; Delhi, Ajmere-Merwara, and Coorg. Of these the Province of Coorg is self supporting and does not draw upon the Government of India. The Province of Coorg has a legislature. The other two Provinces are a permanent liability on the Government of India. During the current year, the budgeted Central expenditure on Delhi and Ajmere-Merwara is as follows :—

Delhi	Rs. 1,37,31,000
Ajmere—Merwara	66,36,000

The total receipts from these two provinces in the current year are estimated as follows :—

Delhi	Rs. 2.11.58.500
Ajmere—Merwara	Rs. 31,50,600

The figures about Delhi Province are misleading as a number of items connected with the capital are not included in the voted grant for the province. Question, however, is whether a Province like Ajmere—Merwara which runs a deficit of over twenty lakhs can justifiably claim a legislature and a Council of Ministers to administer an area little bigger than a township?

Peculiar Position

The position of Delhi is a peculiar one. The Capital of India was transferred to Delhi, because the then British Government regarded it basically wrong to locate Federal capital and Provincial capital in one and the same place. Delhi was made an Imperial enclave, like Washington in the United States of America. The transfer of capital from Calcutta practically eliminated the Clive Street influence on the Government of India. The location of capital at Simla for seven months a year, however, was resented by the Provincial Government, because the Punjab Government, who summered at Simla was able to dominate the Government of India in more than one way.

It has commonly been asserted that the Government of India was ruled by the Punjabees, Madrasis and Chaprasis. In the Independent India, domination of the Union Government by one Province shall not be permitted or tolerated.

"...It Presents A Plan Which Is Unworkable On Financial Grounds, Injudicious On Political Grounds And Unwarranted On Development Grounds"

The Pattabhi plan will defeat the object of Lord Hardinge in creating a Central enclave for the location of the Federal capital. It will create a rival executive and rival legislature at the headquarters of the Government of India. Finance, however, should be the principal rock to wreck the plan. It is not contended that the Government of India should incur fresh expenditure to create a toy executive so that a few ambitious politicians may play with it. I am sure that the Pattabhi Committee did not envisage a special tax on Delhi residents to finance the enterprise it has planned out. For, it is easy to create a Council of Ministers. The Ministers however will demand a Secretariat. They will demand houses to live in. They will have private secretaries and personal assistants.

There will be, of course, Parliamentary Secretaries, and permanent Secretaries. It may be a very fine thing to have all the paraphernalia of Parliamentary Institutions, but some one shall have to pay for it. Opinion here is that the Chief Commissioner himself is out of place to administer an area which is less than a normal district in India

The Choice

The last two Chief Commissioners have had the tendency to increase their staff, which is not warranted for a small Province like Delhi. The able administrators, like Lord Hailey and Sir John Thompson did not need all the staff, when they were the Chief Commissioners of Delhi. And they administered the Province much more efficiently than any of their successors have done so far.

India is a very poor country. In India, the average income of an individual is Rs. 60 a year. In India there is the thinnest margin between nutrition and starvation. The administrative machinery for such a country should be the cheapest and most efficient machinery. It is true that the Congress rulers of India were caught by the biggest human tragedy before they had time to set their house in order and consolidate their power for development, which in its turn would have raised the standard of living of the common man. The Punjab avalanche has retarded India's progress. But the Punjab Avalanche has also made economies in expenditure the most urgent need of the country. Then again, if the choice is between country's development and creation of expensive administrative machinery, the decision should be in favour of development, every time. Even Dr. Pattabhi would concede that the expenditure involved in his plan could and should be more profitably employed on the development of Delhi's countryside, on creating health and education services and on everything, which will contribute towards raising the standard of living of the common man

Creation of opportunities for millions should always be preferred to the creation of opportunities for a few careerists. Unfortunately, the tendency towards careerism and opportunism has greatly increased during the last thirteen months. New Delhi is full of job hunters in these days. This is, however, a phase and may pass out with the transitional period, through which India is passing at present.

The Rulers of India have not made enough mistakes to learn their lesson. The phase is bound to pass away, sooner or later after they have learned their lesson. The future constitution however, is a very serious affair. Nothing, therefore, should be done unnecessarily to increase the administrative expenditure of this country or to open the floodgates of careerism.

Counted Out!

The Pattabhi Committee's Report, therefore, presents a plan, which is unworkable on financial grounds, injudicious on political grounds and unwarranted on development grounds. Delhi does not need a council of ministers, but the development of resources and of her people. As for the training in self rule, Delhi needs a complete overhaul of her municipal bodies.

Delhi needs a modern, up to date municipal administration. The Municipal Administration of Delhi is wooden, antiquated and corrupt. Sanitation, Health Services and Education are of the lowest order. The Municipal Committee of Old Delhi has ceased to attract the first rankers and is dominated by a couple of cliques. The Government of India had appointed a Municipal Enquiry Committee, but nominated on it members, most of whom had neither knowledge nor understanding of Delhi's basic problems.

The Committee did not create any enthusiasm amongst the people of Delhi. Its Chairman, Mian Abdul Aziz has now become the Deputy High Commissioner for Pakistan in India. For all practical purposes the committee has ceased to function. The Government should set up another Committee, more representative in character, to draft a charter of civic rights for the people of Delhi.

YOUR WANT

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BATHING DIVERSITIES NO. 2
They don't talk
WHILE BATHING...
Prefect
Perhaps because, the Japanese think, silence is more conducive to greater self-composure and fuller enjoyment of bathing delight. But the supreme joy of bathing may be derived much more lavishly and easily from a truly super-fine toilet soap-and such a one is Modi's PREFECT TOILET SOAP.
PREFECT
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Essential as FOOD & DRINK
MODI SOAP WORKS
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Indians Need Food And Clothing

Panikkar Appeals To Australia For Relief

LAKE SUCCESS, NEW YORK, Oct. 10, (Reuter): An appeal for more food for India "from wherever we can get it" was made by Dr. K M. Panikkar, Prime Minister of Bikaner who is a member of the Indian delegation to the United Nations, in a broadcast to Australia today

Millions of people in Asia were demanding higher standards of living, food, clothing, housing, education, medical relief and everything that went to build up a decent life he said.

"The Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East should get down to business at once and realise the urgency", Dr. Panikkar continued. "Asia is impatient and there is a growing danger in thinking that her social and economic problems can wait until the needs of other parts of the world have been met."

Dealing with question of India's candidature for a seat in the Security Council, Dr. Panikkar said 'we have claimed it because Australia is out of the Council and there is no member left to represent the great region of the Indian Ocean and the South East Pacific. Adequate representation of geographical areas, of which the United Nations charter makes specific mention, is I fear, going into the background. We do not want that to happen in the interest of world peace.

CIGARETTE TIN EXPLODES

2 Street Boys Seriously Wounded

PATNA, Oct. 11 (A.P.I.): A sealed cigarette tin picked up this morning from a dust bin near the Patna collectorate by two street urchins exploded when they attempted to open it, resulting in serious injuries to both. They were removed to the Patna General Hospital.

Armed police have been rushed to the spot and are guarding the area.

Acharya J. B. Kripalani was entertained at a tea party by the President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber on Friday evening. Picture shows Acharya Kripalani speaking on the occasion.

Workers Exhorted Not To Strike

Country's Productive Capacity Must Be Kept Unimpaired, Says Kripalani

BOMBAY, Saturday.

An appeal to labour to think well of the disastrous consequences of strikes, which are crippling the country's productive capacity was made by Acharya Kripalani, speaking this morning at a labour meeting at Mazdur Manzil, to inaugurate the new Marathi weekly labour organ "Kamgar" on behalf of the Rashtriya Mill Mazdur Sangh (I.N.T.U.C.).

"I am not a capitalist, and you must believe me when I say that I am not a tool of the capitalist," declared the Rashtrapati. If the country's production is affected adversely at this critical time, foreign goods would again start pouring in the country, and we would once more become slaves.

The capitalist system was no doubt bad, but it should not be forgotten that the system could be changed only if the country lived through the crisis. He cited the example of Great Britain, where a labour government is in power to-day, because the working class of Britain gave their whole-hearted support, during the national emergency to Mr. Churchill who represented the capitalist class.

He advised the workers to turn a deaf ear to people who incited them to violence, and told them to try to secure justice by arbitration and by adhering to non-violence which Mahatma Gandhi had taught them. "It is not Lenin or Stalin but our Mahatma Gandhi who will save the world, he said.

It was the policy of the Congress to nationalise gradually all important industries even if it meant injustice to a few, and to impose taxes such as "Death Duties" to prevent capitalists amassing great wealth, concluded the Congress President amidst loud cheers. He gave his blessings to the new weekly organ "Kamgar", and wished it every success.

Mr. S. K. Patil told the audience that they were fortunate in having the blessings of the Rashtrapati in their new venture.

BOMBAY GOVT.'S ORDER ON GUJARATI DAILY

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 10, (API): The Government of Bombay have served an order under the Bombay Public Security Measures Act on Mr. Natvarlal N. Desai, printer and publisher of "Bharat", a Gujarati daily, directing him to abstain for a week from printing and publishing any matter bearing directly or indirectly on the communal situation in any part of India or Pakistan or any communal question in India or Pakistan including any statement made by any officer of the Central or Provincial Governments in India or Pakistan.

ANTI-CORRUPTION DRIVE IN BENGAL

CALCUTTA, Oct. 11 (API).—The West Bengal Government have promulgated an ordinance empowering the Government to constitute a special tribunal or tribunals for more speedy trial and more effective punishment of certain offences.

The tribunals constituted under this ordinance will be entitled to try cases involving offences in respect of a public servant taking gratification other than legal remuneration in respect of an official act, criminal breach of trust and dishonestly receiving stolen property in respect of Government property and offences punishable under the Defence of India Act, 1939 and Prevention and Corruption Act 1947

Ex-Emperor Of Annam To Meet French Officials

SAIGON, Oct. 10 (Reuter): Bao Dai, former Emperor of Annam, will meet high French officials in Indo-China soon, presumably to discuss the political situation in Indo-China, according to a French News Agency message quoting usually well-informed sources.

The message said the meeting would probably take place on board a neutral ship.

NO RESPONSE TO TRUMAN'S VOLUNTARY RATIONING

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—United States officials today expressed grave fears that President Truman's voluntary rationing campaign will be an almost "total flop".

Restaurants throughout the country have failed to respond to appeals to declare meatless, poultry-less and egg-less days.

Khaliquzzaman Reaffirms

Union And Pakistan Are Secular States

'Ruinous Policy' Of Congress Criticised

KARACHI, Oct. 10, (API): Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, the Premier of U. P. has posed a question to the Muslims of India whether they would lay down their lives for the Indian Union in a war between Pakistan. This question has been raised from a thousand platforms by Congress and Hindu Mahasabha leaders since August 15 when India achieved its independence" Thus said Chaudhri Khaliquzzaman, leader of the Muslim League party in the Indian Constituent Assembly, in a statement here today. Continuing he said: The tendency appears to be to ignore the advice by the Quaid-I-Azam to the minorities to be loyal to the state to which they belong and what I, on behalf of the Muslims of India, said in the Indian Constituent Assembly in July last, We accepted the Indian National flag as our own flag and pledged to uphold its honour and prestige under all circumstances and against all nations. No voice was raised against this solemn declaration by me on a solemn occasion by any Muslim.

"FIFTH COLUMN OF PAKISTAN"

Chaudhri Khaliquzzaman stated "Interested parties, however, are not disposed to allow the mass mind in India to accept these professions of loyalty of Muslims, and are dinning into the ears of the Hindu public that the Muslims of India are the fifth column of Pakistan. It is forgotten that the claim for the establishment of Pakistan itself presupposed the existence of large minorities in both Dominions, whose rights and privileges were to be secured by agreement, The scheme of division took for granted the existence of peaceful relations between the two states and the elimination of all chances of armed conflict between them. It was for this reason, among others, that representatives of both Dominions have clearly stated that they are not theocratic states, but are pure democratic states, where the will of the majority prevails, subject to proper regard for the rights of minorities defined under the constitution

Chaudhri Khaliquzzaman proceeding, said: "The very existence of large minorities in the two Dominions is a guarantee against war, but if for any reason there is an armed conflict between the two, the citizens of either state will have to stand by their Govrenments, I am glad that the U. P. Premier has himself stated that there is no chance of a war between the two Dominions, but what I cannot understand is why then doubt and suspicion are repeatedly cast on the loyalty of the Muslims of India.

HEAVY PENALTY FOR BEING SUSPECTS.

Unfortunately at present there is a general tendency in India to look back to the past at the cost of the possibilities of the future when loyal Muslim co-operation may be urgently needed to steady the Indian politics. The Muslims in Hindustan have sense enough to realise that the days of imperial rule are over, and that democratic states alone can subsist in the present world structure, and they can only hope to usefully live by throwing their lot with the majority. In spite of their desire to live peacefully as citizens of the state, they find that they are being treated as suspects and, as such, are paying heavy penalties of life and property".

RUINOUS POLICY".

Concluding Chaudhri Khaliquzzaman said: "To make matters worse for them, the Congress ministers who met Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Premier for Pakistan, at Lahore on October 5, desired the evacuation of Muslims from Delhi and West U. P. which, to my mind, only means complete evacuation of Muslims at least from north India. It is not for me to point out to the Congress Government that this policy would ultimately be ruinous to both Dominions; and future historians will have something to comment upon this inhuman move on the part of the Congress. It is still more surprising that this demand has been made on the Prime Minister of Pakistan in spite of the daily preaching of Mahatma Gandhi that no Muslim should be asked to leave India who desires to live as a loyal citizen of the state."

PAKISTAN RLY OFFICER ARRESTED

CALCUTTA, Oct. 11 (UPI).—Mr. A. G. Khan, Divisional Superintendent, the East Indian Railway, was arrested yesterday at the Howrah station by the Special Police of the Government of India while he was proceeding to Pakistan.

It is alleged that he was taking with him stolen Government properties. He was released on bail for Rs. 10,000.

RATNAMALA'S *beauty care is Lux Toilet Soap...*

Lovely Ratnamala's clear, smooth skin is one of her greatest charms. Of course she takes special care of her complexion, because she knows that a regular beauty routine is the secret of lasting skin-beauty. Lux Toilet Soap's rich, fragrant lather keeps her skin always fresh, soft and flawless Why not follow Ratnamala's example, and let this pure, white soap safeguard your complexion too?

Ratnamala can be seen in Prakash Pictures' production, "Vikramaditya." Her brilliant performance in this historical film scores another personal triumph.

LUX TOILET SOAP

The Beauty Soap of the Film-stars!

LTS. 161-50 LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED

TRIUMPH FOR MYSORE STATE CONGRESS

Settlement Between Dewan And Reddy

SATYAGRAHA TO BE CALLED OFF TODAY

Majority Seats For Congress In Interim Ministry

(From Our Correspondent)

BANGALORE, Oct. 11 A settlement has been reached between the Mysore State Congress and the Government of Mysore. Sir A. Ramaswamy Mudaliar, the Dewan is meeting the Maharaja in Mysore tomorrow to report the details of the settlement.

SATYAGRAHA TO END

It is expected that the Congress will, within a few hours call off the Satyagraha movement started a month ago. It is learnt that the State Congress has been assured a majority of seats in the Interim Ministry to be set up shortly.

DRAFT CONSTITUTION BILL

The following agreed communique was issued on the conclusion of the talks between the Dewan, and the State Congress President, Mr. K. C. Reddy: "The Dewan and the President of the Mysore Congress, on behalf of the Working Committee, had talks during the last two days and, as a result, have come to certain agreed conclusions regarding the constitution of a fresh Ministry and the method constituting it. Agreement was also reached on the method of setting up a Constituent Assembly to frame a Draft Constitution Bill providing for full responsible Government. The agreed proposals now await his Highness's consideration and approval"

The A.P.I. adds: The 41-day Satyagraha will be formally called off tomorrow following the agreement reached between the Congress and the Government

The Dewan and the Congress Working Committee members, including the President will go to Mysore tomorrow morning and place the terms of settlement before the Maharaja. His Highness will later issue a proclamation giving effect to the settlement.

CONGRESS DEMANDS CONCEDED

The terms of settlement have not been officially released to the press, but it is understood that generally all the demands of the Congress have been substantially met. The general release of hundreds of Satyagrahis in jail has already begun, and the Maharaja's proclamation may be followed by a general amnesty.

The Congress started Satyagraha on September 1, to achieve four demonds. Soon after the movement began, the Maharaja made a declaration conceding the main demand of responsible Government as the objective of future constitutional reforms. The Satayagraha campaign continued unabated and its momentum sufficiently indicated that the masses were behind the Congress. This was recognised by the Government when the Dewan followed the release of the leaders on October 6 with an invitation to the Congress President for parleys.

INTERIM GOVERNMENT

After three days of prolonged talks, an agreement was reached this evening on the two main remaining issues, namely, formation of an Interim Government commanding popular support and the setting up of a Constituent Assembly for framing the future constitution. It is understood, according to the agreement, the Congress has been conceded power to constitute an Interim Ministry which would consist of nine Ministers, besides the Dewan, who will remain in office.

The Congress, while having full powers to select the personnel has agreed to provide three seats for persons outside the party. The Ministry will function as a unit and the Dewan has agreed to abide by the decision of the Cabinet.

PRESENT LEGISLATURE

The present Legislature, which is regarded as not reflecting the popular will, may be scrapped and fresh elections will be held soon. The newly formed Ministry will take steps to bring into being a Constituent Assembly for framing the future constitution. The Constituent Assembly will have full powers to define what subjects should be reserved for the Maharaja. The Constitution framed by such Constituent Assembly will be the final except that it should have the formal assent of the Maharaja.

It is stated that the Congress contemplates a constitution wherein there will be no place for the Dewan, as the Maharaja will be a constitutional monarch.

The new Interim Ministry, it is expected, will begin to function on Vijayadasami Day, which is the day of national festival in Mysore

YOUNG MAN SHOT DEAD

NEW DELHI, Oct. 11 (U.P.I.): Death under tragic circumstances is reported of one young man at the residence of Mir Mughaq, Special Magistrate and former President of the New Delhi Congress Committee, on Wednesday night. It is stated that the death occurred as a result of revolver shots. A magisterial enquiry is proceeding.

Unauthorised Weapons Unearthed in Karachi

KARACHI, Oc. 11 (API) As a result of searches for unauthorised weapons during the last three weeks. The Karachi Police has recovered five revolvers, three guns, 25 swords eight kirpans, 18 long knives, 11 spears and 31 hatched and daggers. About 1500 rounds of ammunition have also been found. Some suspects have been arrested and sent up for trial under the Arms Act in this connection.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON DECEMBER

New York, Oct. 11.

Previous Closing	31.33
Today's Opening	31.25
Difference	—8
Today's Closing	31.37
Difference	+4

(New York Cotton Market will remain closed on Monday 13th October).

LAST QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Oct. 11.

	Rs.	As.
Cotton Jarila Jan.	471	8
Cotton Jarila March	473	8
Silver Bullion	158	0
Gold Forward	98	8

U.S. SUPPORTS PARTITION OF PALESTINE

Formation Of U.N. Force Suggested To Implement Decisions

LAKE SUCCESS: October 11 (Reuter): The United States today announced its support of the plan to divide Palestine into Arab and Jewish States, as recommended by the United Nations Special Committee on Palestine.

IMMIGRATION POLICY APPROVED

In the long-awaited statement to the Palestine Committee, Mr. Herschel Johnson, the United States delegate, also approved the Jewish Immigration Policy proposed in the Majority Report of UNSCOP and suggeted recruitment through the United Nations of a Special Voluntary International Police Force to enforce decisions.

WHO SHALL ADMINISTER ?

But the United States' declaration made no reference to what is regardea by United Nations Officials as the crucial question: Who shall administer Palestine during the probably stormy period while the decision is being put into effect?.

A statement by the United States delegate, Mr. Herschel Johnson, in the Palestine Committee contained these main points:

"Firstly, the United States Delegation feels that the urgency of the problem is so great that the General Assembly must recommend a solution at this session.

"Secondly, it may be recalled that as a result of the first world war a large area of the near East, including Palestine, was liberated and a number of States gained their independence.

"The United States having contributed its blood and resources to the winning of that war felt that it could not divest itself of a certain responsibility for the manner in which the freed territories were disposed of, or for the fate of the peoples liberated at that time

"It took the position that these peoples should be prepared for Self-Government, and also that the National Home for Jews should be established in Palestine.

"The United States Government has subsequently had long and friendly relations with independent states which were created in the near East, and is happy to note that most of them are Members of the United Nations, and have representatives present at this meeting.

"Thirdly, the United States Delegation supports the basic principles of the unanimous recommendation and Majority Plan which provide for partition and immigration. It is of the opinion, however, that certain amendments and modifications would have to be made in the Majority Plan, in order more accurately to give effect to principles on which that plan is based.

"My Delegation believes that certain geographical modifications must be made. For eqample, Jaffa should be included in the Arab State, because it is a predominantly Arab City.

CONSTITUTIONAL GUARANTEES

"Fourthly, My Delegation suggests that the General Assembly may wish to provide that all residents, regardless of their citizenship or place of residence, be guaranteed access to ports and to water and power facilities on non-discriminatory basis: that Constitutional Gurantees, including Guarantees regarding equal economic opportunity, be provided for Arabs and Jews alike and that powers of the Joint Economic Board be strengthened.

"Any solution which this Committee recommends should not only be just, but also workable and of a nature to recommend the approval of world opinion.

"Fifthly, the General Assembly did not, by admitting this item on its agenda, undertake to assume responsibility for the administration of Palestine during the process of transition to independence. "Responsibility for the Government of Palestine now rests with the Mandatory Power. The General Assembly, however, would not fully discharge its obligations if it did not take caretine during the process of transition to implementation

"Sixthly, both the Majority Report and the statement of the United Kingdom representative in this Committee raised the problem of carrying into effect the recommendation of the General Assembly.

WORKABLE POLITICAL SETTLEMENT

"Seventhly, the United States is willing to participate in a United Nations Programme to assist the parties involv-

(Continued on Page 15.)

INDIA BACKS ARABS

Mrs. Pandit's Speech

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 11, (U.P.A.): Before Herschel Johnson, the first speaker in the Palestine Committee today was India's Mrs. Pandit who supported the Arab contention and said the Palestine problem "is vital importance to us."

She said that India was proud of the fact that she does not belong to any bloc of nations. Mrs. Pandit asserted that India refuses to back the Majority Report of the Special Committee recommending partition, declaring that instead Palestine should be one independent state with adequate protection for the Jewish minority.

Mrs. Pandit said: The brief views of the Indian delegation can be stated as follows. Firstly, the Palestine question should be separated from the problem of displaced Jews in Europe which should be dealt with independently as the responsibility of the United Nations; secondly, the Mandate should be terminated without delay and; thirdly Palestine would be recognised as an independent state with wide autonomy for Jews in areas where they are in a majority."

She warned; "The emergency nature of this problem does not brook only delay. A solution has to be found with the need for any enforcement The peace of the entire Middle East is at stake and a false and ill-considered step based on prejudice on sentiment taken at this time may lead to consequence which we dare not now contemplate."

Stop Press

INDONESIAN ISSUE AT U.N.

LAKE SUCCESS, NEW YORK, October 11 (Reuter): The United Nations Security Council failed to-day to decide on proposals to fix a demarcation line in Indonesia. The Council adjourned until Tuesday.

Gandhi Jayanti Meeting In Bombay

Acharya Kripalani, at the mike at Chowpatty. Seated by his side is Dr. Holmes.

MOUNTBATTEN MAY NOT LEAVE INDIA

Report About Ismay's Governor-Generalship Contradicted

NEW DELHI, Oct. 11, (A.P.I.): The report from London dated October 10 that Lord Ismay would officiate as Governor-General of India during Lord Mountbatten's absence in London next month for the Royal wedding is entirely without foundation and no credence should be given to such speculation says a press note.

In point of fact no consideration has so far been given to the appointment of an Acting Governor-General as it is premature at this stage to say whether Lord Mountbatten will be able to leave the country next month.

REVISED EDITION OF 1935 ACT

NEW DELHI, Oct. 11, (A.P.I.): It is understood the Government of India are shortly bringing out a revised edition of the Government of India Act, 1935 as adapted and modified by the India (Provisional Constitution) Order 1947.

Copies will be available for sale to the public by about the end of this month.

LONDON CONFERENCE ON INDIA

LONDON, Oct. 11, (Reuter): Prominent members of the former administration in India and Officials in London of the two new Dominions are taking part in a weekend conference on India which opened today at Chatham House, London under the auspices of the Royal Institute for international Affairs.

Today's session was addressed by two former members of the European Group of the Indian Legislative Assembly, Sir Fredrick James, who spoke on "the Indian Scene" and Sir Percival Griffiths, whose subject was "the last phase of British rule.'

Tomorrow Mr. Habib Ibrahim Rahimtoola, recently appointed Pakistan High Commissioner, will address the morning session on "Pakistan and its problems" The afternoon session will be addressed by Mr. Sudhir Ghosh, Public Relations Officer at India House, on "the Dominion of India and the future."

NEW CABINET FOR EAST INDONESIA

BATAVIA, October 11 (Reuter): A new cabinet for East Indonesia (Netherlands East Indies State comprising islands east of Java) was announced to-day to succeed the Government which fell last month following accusations of largescale fraud.

The new Prime Minister is Dr. S. J. Larrouu, who is also Minister of Health. Mr. Agteng Gde Goeng is Minister for Home Affairs and Vice-Premier and Mr. M. Hamelin, Finance Minister.

MRINAL GHOSH DEAD

CALCUTTA, Oct. 11 (API). Mr. Mrinal Kanti Ghosh, cousin of Mr. Tushar Kanti Ghosh, Editor of the Amrita Bazar Patrika, died at 5 p.m. today. He was 87 and is survived by his widow and only son, Sunil Kanti Ghosh, Secretary to the Amrita Bazar Patrika Ltd.

Mr. Mrinal joined the Patrika in early twenties and was chairman of its Board of Directors for over 15 years.

True Swaraj Only Through Gandhian Principles

Kripalani's Plea To Implement Constructive Programme

BOMBAY, Saturday:

"True Swaraj will come only when people act according to Gandhiji's principles," Acharya Kripalani declared to-day, addressing on Chowpatty sands, a mammoth meeting which marked the end of the ten-day celebrations in connection with Gandhi Jayanti.

Mr. Kripalani observed that the mere end of British rule did not mean Swaraj Until every village was self sufficient and until every individual obtained food, clothing, house, medical aid and education for his children our struggle was incomplete. ..... Rev. Dr. J H. Holmes American admirer and friend of Gandhiji also addressed the meeting and paid tributes to "the greatest man if our times."

NO TRUE FREEDOM

"The freedom that we have obtained is not according to Gandhiji's dream," Mr. Kripalani said. Gandhiji's programme was not only a struggle against the British but also the implementation of his constructive programme in an organised and co-operative manner. He regretted that even what was done by the Congress Government was not always consistent with Gandhian principles.

The Congress President said that it was wrong to celebrate Gandhiji's birthday when the people had not practised what he had preached for the last 25 years. Gandhi Jayanti was not something to be observed as a religious festival. There was no use in idolosing and worshipping the Mahatma without his teachings being heeded.

INDIA'S "ETERNAL SLEEP"

Mr. Kripalani deplored that today people were expecting everthing from the Government without themselves co-operating with their leaders. Quoting an adage that "the prize of freedom is eternal vigilance," Mr. Kripalani said that in India there seemed to be only eternal sleep.

The Rashtrapati concluding eppealed to the people to help Gandhiji in his tasks.

"There is no problem in the world that cannot be solved by Gandhiji's principles; there is no evil that cannot be overcome by his law of life", Dr. Holmes declared. Describing Gandhiji as the greatest man in the present world, he observed that only by following his principles the world could achieve peace and prosperity.

Dr. Holmes said Gandhiji was a "pure, serene virtuous and noble man who had universal compassion for mankind. Gandhiji exercised power over men as no other leader ever did in recent times. Yet he was "modest and humble as a child."

NON-VIOLENCE TELLS

Gandhiji's greatest contribution to the world was the development of soul force to achieve human ends, the speaker observed and added that India's achievement of independence through non-violent means under his leadership was a victory unique in world history and was a triumph both for Gandhiji and the people of India.

Dr. Holmes expressed amazement at seeing the huge crowd gathered at the meeting to pay homage to their spiditual leader. "I have never seen anything of this kind before," he exclaimed. "We do not have such crowds in America except for football matches or Presidential election meetings."

Earlier Mr. S. K. Patil President of the B.P.C.C. welcomed Dr. Holmes and Acharya Kripalani on behalf of the citizens of Bombay.

CONQUEST BY FORCE OF SPIRIT

Dr. Holmes' Tribute

A meeting held at Green's on Saturday evening, under the auspices of the Progressive Group acclaimed Mahatma Gandhi to be the greatest architect of India's freedom.

"To me Gandhiji is a wonderful man in as much as he has two birthdays whereas others have only one," said Dr. Holmes.

He asserted that the conquest of one's soul was the basis of Gandhian philosophy, and was his greatest contribution to the human history. He was the greatest conqueror of the world in as much as he had conquered a great Empire by force of spirit. Under his inspiring leadership, India had achieved independence, which was his greatest gift to posterity. His gospel of non-violence would alone help them to maintain that liberty.

Mr. A. P. Sabavala hoped that some day in near future Gandhiji will conquer even the people of Pakistan by force of his spirit.

Mr M. A. Master and Mr. M. Y. Nurie, the Vice-President, B.P.C.C., also paid tribute to Gandhiji

Women Pay Homage

A pledge to carry Mahatma Gandhi's message of peace to the masses and to help in maintaining communal harmony in Bombay was made by representatives of 14 women's organisation of Bombay at a meeting at Poddar College on Saturday evening to celebrate Gandhi Jayanti under the auspices of North Bombay Women's Organisation.

Mrs. Lilavati Munshi, who presided said that women had special reasons to pay tribute to Mahatma Gandhi because it was he who had taught them to go to jails during the civil disobedience movement and helped them to regain their self-respect and courage. He had preached that menial work was not degrading, and women who attended to household work were doing as important work as the men.

Mrs. Vengsarkar exhorted the audience to follow the Mahatma's teaching and work for the relief of the riot victims. Mrs. Sophia Khan said that the whole world had realised the greatness of the Mahatma, who is the real strength of India. She asked women to teach their children the importance of communal harmony. Among other speakers were Mrs. Tyabji and Mrs. Vimal Ranadive.

CHARKHA SYMBOL LOST

Mahatma's Lament

NEW DELHI, October 11 (API):— Addressing the prayer gathering this evening Mahatma Gandhi reminded the audience that to-day was the twelfth day of the dark half of the month of Bhadon. The day was known as "Rotla Baras" or Charkha Jayanti in Gujarat including Cutch and Kathiawar. Meetings were held and people were reminded of the message of the spinning wheel and allied activities.

Time was unfavourable for an enthusiastic celebration of Charkha Jayanti. In its extended sense he had called charkha the symbol of nonviolence. That symbol appeared to have been lost; else they would not be witnessing the scenes of fratricide and the like. He asked himself whether it was not enough to stop observance of Charkha Jayanti completely. But there was a lurking hope in his heart that there might be a few scattered individuals at least who might be true to the message of the wheel. It was for their sake that the Charkha Jayanti should continue to be observed.

CHANGE OF FAITH

He had noticed the previous day a statement that Mandal Sahib and some other members of the Pakistan Cabinet had decided that Harijans would be expected to wear a badge showing that they were untouchables. The badge was to have sign of the crescent and the star. That it was intended to distinguish the Harijans from other Hindus. The logic consequences of it in his opinion, would be that those Harijans who did stay there. would ultimately have to embrace Islam.

He had nothing to say against change of faith out of hertfelt conviction and spritual urge. Having become a Harijan by choice he knew the mind of the Harijans. There was not a single Harijan today who could fall in that category. What did they understand of Islam. Nor did theu undersand why they were Hindus. This was true of the followers of all faiths. They were what they were because they were born in a particular faith. If they changed religion it would be merely from compulsion (some temptations held out to them in return. In the present atmosphere no voluntary change of faith should have any validity. Religion should be dearer than life itself. Those who acted up to truth were better Hindus than those well versed in Hindu scriptures, but whose faith did not hold out at the time of a crisis.

Mahatma Gandhi then referred to the approaching festivals of Dussera and Bakrid and appealed to the Hindus and Muslims to be most vigilant and considerate so as not to hurt the feelings of each other. He wanted them to avoid giving cause for any outbreak of communal disturbances at the time of these festivals.

SATYAGRAHA IN S. AFRICA

Lastly Mahatma Gandhi referred to the proposed launching of Satyagraha in South Africa tomorrow. Satyagraha had been going on for some time. It had been suspended for some time. India's case was before UNO and the Indians both Hindus and Muslims in South Africa had decided to restart their Satyagraha tomorrow. His advice to them was to seek the assistance of both the Indian Union and Pakistan Government and it was the duty of both Governments to give all possible assistance and encouragement to the Indians in South Africa. Conditions for successful Satyagraha were that the cause must be just and means fully non-violent. If the Indians in South Africa observed these, success was bound to be theirs Mahatma Gandhi concluded.

Govt. Labour Welfare Observes Gandhi Jayanti

BOMBAY, Oct. 10.

The Director of Labour Welfare writes that the Government Labour Welfare Centre celebrated Gandhi Jayanti on Oct. 9 at Worli. About 5,000 industrial workers assembled on the Jamboori Maidan. Sjt. S. K. Patil in his address referred to Gandhiji as the greatest soul in human history. He had no doubt that under the saintly guidance of Gandhiji our motherland would march to prosperity.

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadrapad Vad 13, 2003.
Muslim: Zilkad 26, 1366.
Parsi: Ardibehest 9, 1317.
Sunrise: 6-32 a.m. Sunset: 6-19 p.m.
Hightide: 10-37, 23-03. Lowtide: 04-16, 16-58.

To-day's Engagements

SWASTIK LEAGUE: The Oil portrait of the late Mr. B. V. alias Bhausaheb Tambe will be unveiled by the Rt. Hon'ble Dr. M. R. Jayakar at the V. M. Swastik Mandir today at 5 p.m.

BOMBAY SPIRITUAL CENTRE: Sri B. S. Agnihotri will deliver a discourse in Marathi on "Punishment, the Educating Factor" today at 4-30 p.m.

BOMBAY TAMIL SANGHAM: BHARATHI SONGS COMPETITION: At Astik Samaj, 8-30 a.m. (today): and 3-30 p.m.; A talk on 'Kavyamum Kavithaiyum' by Smt. A. K. Jayalakshmi Ammal. at 5-30 p.m.

MEETING OF HINDUS & SIKHS: Under the presidentship of Maharaj Shree Krishurjwanji, will be held today at Madhav Bag, C.P. Tank. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Gadre, Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviaji Shastri will speak on the question of Refugees.

LATE MR. K. C. CHACKO: Meeting of Malayalees to condole the demise of Mr. K. C. Chacko, Founder of the Union Christian College, Alwaye, at 5 p.m. today at the Podar College.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Lecture on "Religion—True and False" today at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, Opp. Flora Fountain.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CONGRESS COMMITTEE: Special requisition meeting of the B.P.C.C. will be held today at 5 p.m. at the Congress House. Immediately thereafter there will be an Ordinary Meeting of the Committee.

Y.M.C.A. SONG SERVICE: By the Christian Endeavour Society of the Taylor Memorial Church today at 8-30 p.m. in Y.M.C.A., 12 Wodehouse Road.

BOMBAY ASTROLOGICAL SOCIETY: Lecture by Mr. Krishnaram V. Bhatt on "Elementary Astrology" at 4 p.m. and Mr. P. P. Joshi on "Fourth House, What Does It Signify" at 5 p.m. today at the Liberty High School, Princess Street.

BOMBAY FORT FOOT BALL CLUB: 3rd Anniversary to be held under the presidentship of Mr. Thudappa K. Amin (Vice-President of Billawara Association) today at 1-30 p.m. (S.T.), at premises of Ground Floor, Imperial Bank Annexe Building, Bank Street, Fort.

ARYA SAMAJ: Public meeting at Arya Samaj Kakadwadi today at 7 p.m. when Shri Pt. Sheshramji Haidrabadi will deliver lecture on 'good of '

RELIGIOUS CLASSES: Swami Sambhuddhananda of the Ramakrishna Mission, Khar, will conduct a class on Bhagwat Geeta at the Ramakrishna Mission Library Hall today at 9 a.m. The Swami will also conduct a class on Gospel of Sri Ramakrishna at 6 p.m.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL FORWARD BLOC: Workers general meeting today at 4 p.m. at the Party Office to chalk out a programme for the observance of the establishment of the Provisional Government of Netaji Bose.

MANDVI (B WARD) DISTRICT BHADUT SANGH: Urgent meeting of the Executive today at 10 a.m. at Dr. Rana's Dispensary (Bhat Bazar Fountain).

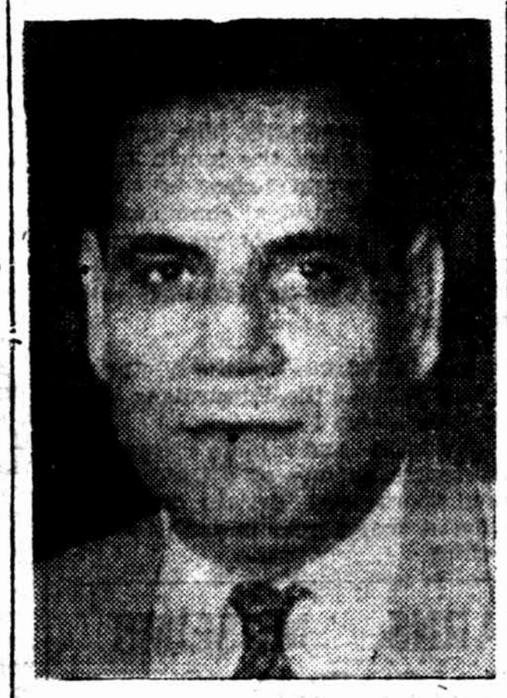
RECEPTION TO JUSTICE MANGALDAS DESAI: By members of Managing Council, Sir Harkisandas N. Hospital at the hospital premises today at 4-30 p.m. when the Hon'ble Mr. B. G. Kher will preside.

KARNATAK SANGHA, BOMBAY: The Hon'ble Mr. Justice R. A. Jahagirdar, the President of the Sangha will be felicitated today at 5 p.m. at Laxmi Baugh Hall, New Bhatwadi, Girgaum.

Public meeting on Choupati today at 5-30 p.m. to protest against Reactionary clauses in the New Rent Bill. Mr. V. G. Dalvi, President of the Bombay Tenants Association will preside. Messrs. Jamnadas Mehta, P. V. Gadgil and others will speak.

SIR HURKISONDAS NURROTAMDAS HOSPITAL: The Hon. Secretary of the Hospital announces a donation of Rs. 100,000 by Messrs. Balkrishna Dharamdas Vora and B. K. Daftary executors of the late Sheth Purshotamdas T. Gandhi to commemorate the memory of late Sheth Vithaldas Gopaldas in accordance with the wishes of his daughter Laxmibai P. Gandhi. The Hon. Mr B. G. Kher will perform the Opening ceremony of the wing today at 4-30 p.m.

Major General D. R. Bateman, G.O.C., Bombay Area was entertained at a tea party Thursday evening, when he addressed the representatives of the city newspapers. Picture shows the Major-General talking to one of the newsmen.



El. Husseini El. Khatib, new Consul-General for Egypt in Bombay

Madras Ban On Fish Export

MADRAS, October 11 (API): The Madras Government have banned the export of dry or cured fish and dried or cured prawns from any place in the province to any other place in India except under a permit. The order does not apply to Pudukottah, Banganapalli and Sandur.

Khairpur State Joins Pakistan

KARACHI, October 11 (API): The State of Khairpur has acceded to the Dominion of Pakistan by signing the instrument of accession, it was officially announced by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Government of Pakistan to-day.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY 1
SUNDAY, Oct. 12.

244 m. (1,231 kc. s) 7.30 a.m. Geet Manthan 7.40 News (M) 7.50 News (G) 8.0 News (E) 8.15 News (H) 8.30 Vilayat Khan Sitar Recital 9.0 Mukesh Chand (Ghazal) 9.15 Geetgurjari: Khabardar Nil Krutio 9.30 Bhimesn Joshi (Jogia) 11.45 Thumri 12.0 p.m. A M Joshi (Aundh) 12.45 News (M) 12.50 News (G) 12.55 Moghubai Kurdikar (Gaud-Sarang) 1.25 News (H) 1.30 News (E) 4.20 Bhimsen Joshi (Multani) 4.50 Gujarati Bhajan 5.0 Azim Khan Sitar Recital 5.15 Gammat Jammat 5.45 Tabla Tarang 5.55 Locals 6.0 News (E) 6.10 News (H) 6.15 Mukesh Chand 6.30 Shsm Devre Marathi Stage-song 6.45 Kokila Mistri (Gujarati Geet) 7.0 Bhimsen Joshi (Puria Dhanashree) 7.30 Vilayat Khan Sitar Recital 8.0 News (M) 8.15 News (G) 8.30 Kavya Darshan Navakavita 8.45 Akha-Na-Chabka Featore in Gujarati 9.0 News (E) 9.15 News (H 9.30 B B C News.

VARIATIONS
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)
4.20 to 6.15 p.m Rural Listeners 7.30 to 8.0 As in Bombay 1 8.0 Ajit Merchant (Gujarati Geet) 8.15 Sham Devre (Bhavgeet) 9. Anant Manohar Joshi (Music) 10.0 Moghubai Kurdikar (Rageshri Hindol).

FOODGRAIN RATION FOR CURRENT WEEK

BOMBAY, Saturday.

The quantum of ration and the maximum proportions of foodgrains for the week from Oct. 12 to Oct. 18, 1947 will remain the same as during the previous two weeks, excepting that rice sort II will be available only to the extent of 1/2 of the rice ration. Thus an adult ration cardholder cannot take rice sort II in excess of 3/8th Bombay seer within the ration of 3/4th Bombay seer. Rice in other varieties can, however, be taken to the full extent of rice ration i.e. up to 3/4th Bombay seer.

CITY RATION SHOPS: All ration shops in E (East), F (South), E (West) and F (North) Wards in Bombay City; and Ghatkopar and Mulund in the Bombay Suburban District will remain open today (Sunday) and closed on Friday (Oct. 17).

The working hours for Government Grain Shops will be 8-30 a.m. to 12 noon and 2 p.m. to 6 p.m. and for all other ration shops 8-30 a.m. to 11-30 a.m. and 3 p.m. to 7 p.m.

"Telegraph Notification"

The rates for telegrams to Spanish Sahara (Rio De Oro) Spanish West Africa have been revised with effect from the 1st Oct. 1947 to following:—Ordinary Rs. 2, Code Rs. 1-3-6, British Government Rs. 1-7-0.

(Local (deferred) and letter telegrams are not allowed.)

Dr. Mrs. Goolbanoo Premji To Proceed To Australia

BOMBAY, Saturday.

Dr. Mrs. Goolbanoo Hasham Premji, who has opened a clinic in the Patel Chambers—Dr. A. V. Baliga's Consulting Room—for the youngsters suffering from poliomyelitis, is proceeding to Australia on Tuesday next for further study in this disease. Australia, is the place where first treatment for "polio" patients was discovered and since then a number of researches are made in that country to combat this disease. She will be accompanied by her husband Mr. Hasham Premji, a well-known businessman of Bombay. An article about the clinic of Dr. Mrs. Goolbanoo Hasham Premji is published in this issue elsewhere.

A. I. WEATHER CHART

POONA, Oct. 11 (API.) Following is the weather chart showing maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past 24 hours from 1st June 1947 and departure from normal recorded at 8 horus (I S T.) on 11th October 1947.

Allahabad 93 71 0 33.1 minus 4.2 Bangalore 82 68 0 26.0 plus 4.4 BOMBAY 87 76 0 73.6 plus 4.4 Calcutta 92 78 T 55.5 plus 6.1 Cherrapunji 75 61 0 321.7 plus 3.0 Colombo 85 78 T 35.2 plus 9.3 Cuttack 90 77 0.7 53.0 plus 5.2 Delhi 90 68 0 18.4 minus 4.0 Karachi 85 75 0 2.0 minus 4 0 Lahore Nil Madras 93 78 0 20.5 plus 2.9 Mahableshwar Nil Massoorie Nil Nagpur 90 70 0 37.3 minus 6.2 Ootacamund 67 43 0.1 21.6 minus 7.8 Patna 97 77 0 40 1 minus 0 4 Peshawar Nil Poona 91 70 0 21.1 minus 0.3 Shillong Nil.

Weather News For Farmers

FORECAST TILL THE MORNING OF 13-10-47:—Dry weather except for isolated light showers in the Warangal and Nalgonda districts of the Hyderabad State.

OUTLOOK FOR SUBSEQUENT 2 DAYS:—No large change.

TO MAKE POOR FELLOWMEN'S LOT BETTER

W. Bengal Minister On Govt.'s Objective

NEW DELHI, October 11 (UPI):—"All I can say is that West Bengal will not function as a deficit Province. But we cannot forget that ours is a poor man's Government and as such our principal objective is to make the lot of the poorer section of our fellowmen better and more cheery."

This unconventional but welcome observation was made to the United Press of India by Mr. A. P. Chowdhury, Finance Minister of West Bengal, on the eve of his departure for Calcutta. Mr Chowdhury further informed that the West Bengal Government had already approached the Central Government for lump grants to enable them to implement development projects and that he was going back with an assurance for substantial help in this behalf.

Gwalior Hindu Sabha Calls Off Direct Action

(From Our Own Correspondent)

GWALIOR, October 8: "Due to the efforts of Messrs. V. G. Deshpande and Indraprakash, Secretary and Member of the Working Committee of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha respectively, and of Mr. M. A. Sriniwasan, Vice-President of the Gwalior Government, an understanding has been reached between the Gwalior State Hindu Sabha and the Gwalior Government and the Hindu Sabha has discontinued its 42 days long Direct Action agitation against the Gwalior Government.

Following the calling off of the agitation by the Hindu Sabha, the Government has released about nine hundred persons so far imprisoned or detained in connection with this agitation.

Baroda Dewan For Bombay

BARODA, October 11 (API): Mr. S. A. Sudhalkar, Dewan of Baroda, accompanied by his personal staff left for Bombay this morning by plane.

The Dewan, it is learnt, during his stay in Bombay, will discuss with the Maharaja of Baroda, who is also expected to arrive there to-morrow from Karachi by plane, matters relating to the election of a representative from the State to the Constituent Assembly consequent on the retirement of Sir B. L. Mitter.

Warning To Evacuees

BOMBAY, Saturday.

Evacuees bound for Karachi by sea are warned against the activities of persons who profess to have influence with the shipping companies and thereby induce evacuees to part with money for the procurement of tickets. In one instance one Abdul Rehman is alleged to have sold 10 forged tickets and in another one Syed Tejuddin is alleged to have disappeared with Rs. 180 against 9 tickets which he failed to secure. Evacuees are advised to make their arrangements direct with the shipping authorities or through accredited members of the committee set up to assist them.—Police News.

3rd WEEK
RANJIT'S
CHHEEN LÉ AZADI
VEENA, GULAM MOHMED
Director ASPI
NEW WEST END
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Ad. Booking: 10 to 12 & 4 to 6

MORGAN HAILS RAMESH DIVECHA!

Bombay Player To Seek Gover's Advice

LONDON, OCT. 11 (REUTER).—WHILE INDIA'S CRICKET STARS ARE BEING HAILED WITH FLOURISH OF TRUMPETS IN AUSTRALIA—AND RIGHTLY SO—THERE HAS COME TO ENGLAND UNHERALDED AND UNSUNG A YOUNG INDIAN CRICKETER WHO IN A FEW YEARS TIME MAY BE ON EVERYONE'S LIPS, IF REPORTS REACHING ME FROM INDIA ARE CORRECT, CABLES VERNON MORGAN.

I refer to 20-year-old Bombay player Ramesh Divecha who is in England to study at Lincolns Inn for the Bar and then to go up to Oxford University. This unassuming young man who may prove to be India's best fast bowler since Mohammed Nissar and the very bowler in which the country is in need, intends to spend as much of his spare time as possible playing cricket. This winter as soon as Alf Gover's indoor school opens in a few weeks time Ramesh Divecha will be there seeking expert advice from one of Surrey and England's best fast bowlers. This young Indian stalwart could have no better coach and Gover has promised him that if he shows real ability he will get him some first class cricket next summer.

Divecha who flew to England missed his rice and spices at first and felt—only naturally—rather homesick but today he is happy and getting quite used to English food. One was extremely gratified to hear him say after such a short time in England "The English people are very nice. They have all been most kind and helpful to me."

SMALL STATES HAVE NO FUTURE

Jamkhandi Ruler Favours Merger With Nearby Province

MIRAJ, Oct. 10, (U.P.I.):

"In these modern days small States like Jamkhandi cannot hope to survive In the ultimate interests of the States' people and for fusion of India, I think that the States should be emerged in the nearby linguistic provinces and as a step in this direction, the Jamkhandi State is making co-operative arrangements with the Government of Bombay in connection with the police and the judiciary. An agreement in this connection will soon be effected."

Thus observed the ruler of Jamkhandi in an interview to the United Press of India" when he discussed the United Deccan States.

The Raja added: "Undoubtedly this scheme is a good one. It will definitely add to the efficiency of the administration. It would have been more efficient had it been formed of all the Deccan States including Kolhapur."

Asked whether Jamkhandi would Join the United Deccan States Scheme to Ruler said: "I believe that all power emnates from the people. Hence the decision about the united Deccan States rests with the people of Jamkhandi State.

If the people wish to join the Deccan State Union, they are at liberty to do so. My personal views will not come in their way."

Referring to the problems of the privy purse the Ruler said: "No Ruler can in these days take huge amounts for his expenses. Personally for myself, I have cut down my privy purse from three lakhs to one lakh of rupees, that is, ten per cent of the total income of the State I am prepared to take as much amount of the civil list as is allowed by the people."

New Speaker Of West Bengal Assembly

CALCUTTA, Oct. 11, (A.P.I.): H. E. the Governor of West Bengal has appointed Mr. Iswardas Jalan, M.L.A. to perform the duties of the Speaker of the West Bengal Assembly in view of the fact that the offices of the Speaker and Deputy Speaker of the House are vacant.

An order to this effect has been published in the Calcutta Gazette.

YUGOSLAV DIPLOMATS EXPELLED FROM CHILE

BUENOS AIRES, Oct. 10 (UPA): Two Yugoslav diplomats Andrej Cunja and Dalibor Jakasa, who were expelled from Chile, have been "delayed" at the Central Police Station here and were undergoing questioning, according to the Police.

Barna, Bergmann And Beregi To Play For England

Prior Permission Of Hungary Only Stipulation

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—A new ruling of the English Table Tennis Association has made it possible for Viktor Barna, five times world singles champion, Richard Bergmann, twice holder of the title, and Dora Beregi, twice winner of the English Women's open title, to play for England in international matches this season.

Barna and Bergmann were recently granted British naturalisation certificates while Dora Beregi is now Mrs. Dvenny at Exeter—so all the three are eligible to represent England.

The only stipulation is that the player concerned must first obtain the permission of his former allegiance. Bergmann has already received such authority and Barna will probably return from Hungary with a similar permission.

The new situation puts a brighter aspect on Britain's chances in the world championships, to be held at the same time is causing considerable controversy among table tennis circles.

The view of those in favour of the decision taken by the Table Tennis Association say that as members of the English Association Bergmann, Barna and Beregi are entitled to the same rights as anyone else now that they are naturalised.

AGAINST THE DECISION

The chief arguments against the decision are that Britain can be accused of using foreign players to win international competitions and most players on the verge of international recognition feel that the inclusion of the players in question in English teams would mean the exclusion of English-born candidates.

The thirty-five-year-old Barna came to Britain from Hungary in 1938 and the twenty-eight-year-old Bergmann, who was born in Vienna, followed soon afterwards. Nevertheless both are outstanding players and with Johnny Leach, Britain's men's team would indeed by a formidable proposition.

Despite the controversy, however, players all over Britain are making strong bids for inclusion in English teams and are keenly practising for the world championships.

FOURTH FASTEST

Although no major developments were noticeable in British table tennis until 1928-29 when Fred Perry was singles champion—the sport is rapidly increasing in popularity. The game itself, which is rated the fourth fastest sport in the world today, is much older than international championships which were founded 20 years ago.

The Japanese claim to have played it 2,000 years ago—it was then called pom-pom.

It was introduced by the Victorians as Gossamer but the Edwardians knew it as ping-pong.

Today more and more regarding table tennis as one of the major winter sports and Britain looks like playing a major role in many championships.

GHAZANAFARALI WARNS MUSLIMS AGAINST DEMORALISATION

"Greatest Danger To Pakistan"

RAWALPINDI, Oct. 11, (A.P.I.): A warning to Pakistan Muslims that unless they built up their morale and geared up their conduct in every field of activity they would endanger their future as a great power was given by Mr. Ghazanafar Ali Khan, Pakistan's Food Minister, addressing a public meeting at Talagang today.

Mr Ghazanafar Ali Khan said, "The most ruinous legacy of the hundred and fifty years of British rule in India is not so much the appalling ignorance and poverty of the people as their servile mentality which had drifted them to the point of moral insolvency. The semblance of civilisation and progress created in India by the British served their political ends and disappeared with their departure exposing the regrettable realities in their full magnitude. After the attainment of freedom, we have still a long way to struggle to make the people to behave and act like freemen.

"FACE WITH COURAGE"

The Food Minister referred to the intercommunal war in the Punjab and said "We have no doubt heavily suffered at the hands of the Sikhs in the East Punjab who have eclipsed the greatest atrocities recorded by history. But as a free people we should face the situation with courage and confidence.

Our greatest danger today is not any assault from outside but our own demoralisation. Freedom entails great responsibilities both moral and constitutional.

We have been accustomed to extremely irresponsible life under the British yoke and hence find it difficult to adjust ourselves to the changed conditions and shoulder the heavy responsibilities. Even the most peaceful revolutions have left strains of blood on the pages of history and to demand independence without a drop of blood is to betray both cowardice and self deception. Only those nations can achieve and retain freedom which can play with death considering it to be a matter of course.

Princess Juliana To Take Charge On Tuesday

THE HAGUE, Oct. 11 (Reuter). Princess Juliana will take over her duties as regent of the Kingdom of the Netherlands on Tuesday, October 14, according to a Royal Decree published today.

Queen Wilhelmina, will resume her royal authority on December 1.

Queen Wilhelmina recently recovered from an attack of bronchitis but was not sufficiently well to open the Dutch Parliament when it reassembled in mid-September.

Mr. G. V. Kitson, Deputy High Commissioner in charge of Bombay Office of U. K.

Indian Team Reaches Perth

Come To Play The Game And To Cement Relations Between Two Countries

PERTH (Western Australia), Oct. 11, (Reuter): Smiling, but obviously plane weary, the Indian cricketers arrived here at 5-30 p.m. local time.

Every member declared that the trip had been a pleasant one—despite the fact that for four successive days they had risen in the early hours of the morning.

The players cheerfully posed for fully five minutes before news reel cameramen and barrage of photographers after which they were welcomed by representatives of the Cricket Board of Control and the West Australian Cricket Association.

The party was then motored to the hotel where there were more unofficial greetings by prominent West Australian officials and cricketers.

The chief impression gained by the host of well-wishers was the remarkable keenness of every member of the party.

"It was a really most pleasant trip" said P. Gupta, Manager of the Indian Team. "All the players are fit and I have confidence in the side. You can rest assured that the players will give of their best, and will be the same in adversity as in triumph.

Amarnath, Captain of the team, told "Reuter": "Every one of us is looking forward to the matches ahead. "I have great confidence in the individual ability and support of the players. We shall have four day's net practise before the opening fixture with West Australia. That practice will be necessary to enable us to become accustomed to the climate, pitch and light. So I hope they are fine days. We have come to Australia not only to play the game, but also to cement the friendship between our countries. There is no more glorious place than the cricket field for the purpose.

The team has no engagements booked for tonight but they take an early opportunity of getting in some practice tomorrow.

MADRAS SOCCER TEAM LEAVES FOR CALCUTTA

MADRAS, Oct. 10 (A. P. I.): The members of the Madras Provincial Football Team left for Calcutta this evening to participate in the National Football Tournament now being staged there.

Mr. Authikesavalu, Honorary Secretary of the Madras Football Association, is accompanying the team. Sayid Ibrahim of Tilak Moti has replaced Chandran who could not undertake the journey.

CANADIAN EMPLOYEE CONVICTED OF CONSPIRACY

OTTAWA, Oct. 10 (UPA): Harold Gerson was convicted of conspiring with Russian spies to reveal Government munitions secrets to the Soviet Union while he was a wartime employee of the Canadian Ordnance Board.

BIGGEST TIP EVER GOT

CAPE TOWN (Reuter): The biggest tip that has ever come the way of a South African has been received by Mr. C. D. Fraser, who until recently managed the Mornay Guest Farm at Somerset West.

The tip, £1,000, has been given to him by Mr. Harry F. McLean, a wealthy Canadian, who toured South Africa earlier this year on a goodwill mission for the Canadian Government.

The "South African Hotel Review" states that this is one of the most wonderful tributes ever paid—in cash—by a hotel guest to a hotel manager.

Barclay's Bank, Somerset West, it states, has advised Mr. Fraser, that £1,000 has been placed to his credit by Mr. McLean as a gift.

Mr. McLean stayed four nights at Mornay at the end of his South African trip. When he left he told Mr. and Mrs. Fraser that he deeply appreciated their welcome. They had provided "A Home from Home" with a smile.

Mr. and Mrs. Fraser, after oversea hotel experience, came to South Africa eight years ago They have managed hotels at Kokstad, Umtata and Knysna, all in the Cape Province.

NIZAM'S STAND EXPLAINED

Why He Objects To Accede To Indian Union

LONDON, Oct. 10, (Reuter): The partition now effected between India and Pakistan is permanent, as far as can be foressen, declared a pamphlet on "Hyderabad and the partition of India" issued in London by the Agent-General of India's Premier State.

The Pamphlet said: "The addition of the two new Dominions to the British Commonwealth on a communal basis has created complications for the Nizam and his subjects, especially as he is the Muslim ruler of a population which is predominantly Hindu." it continued.

The Pamphlet added: "Manifestly the practical difficulty is that alike in relation to foreign policy and defence, India and Pakistan may tred separate and diverging paths and, however lamentably may even become mutually hostile. In such an eventually, it would be unthinkable for the Nizam and his subjects to pursue a hostile policy towards India and Pakistan.

"Consequently, while ready to cooperate with the two Governments in other respects, Hyderabad has stipulated that in any conflict between India and Pakistan it must have the right to remain neutral, Subject to the above reservation, however, it has offered on the basis of a Treaty to play its proper part in the defence of India and to conduct its foreign affairs in general conformity with the foreign policy of the subcontinent."

The Nizam, it was stated, had made further proposal that, if India decided to secede from the Commonwealth Hyderabad should be free to review the provisions of the Treaty. The origin of the Caveat was that the Nizam "cannot believe that, after more than a century of faithful alliance, it is the intention of the British Government and Parliament to eject Hyderabad from the Empire against its will.

20,000 Pakistanis Stranded

(From Our Correspondent.)
NEW DELHI, Oct. 11.

Twenty thousand Pakistanee employees are stranded in Delhi for want of transport to Karachi. Thirty thousand Indian Union Government employees are similarly stranded in Pakistan with this difference that the Pakistanee employees are lodged in refugee camps, while the Indian Union employees are working for the Government of Pakistan, in Pakistan. Pakistan Government has refused to relieve the Union Government's employees till they are relieved by its own employees.

Meanwhile Government's essential services are dislocated for want of staff. The Government of India's transport services, so far as its own employees are concerned, are in utter confusion. Airplanes often come empty because the Pakistan Government would release no more than the number carried by planes to Pakistan. Planes moreover are often commissioned by Ministers who rather prefer oblige Pakistan Ministers. In one case a whole plane was especially commandeered to bring the wife of a Pakistan Minister from Srinagar. This is evident from the figures carried from Pakistan by planes which have dropped from 10,700 in the first fortnight to 200 in the subsequent fortnights. There is no planning worth the name yet and it is too early to state when the Union Governmet's employees would be exchanged with Pakistan Government's employees.

Meanwhile the Government of India have arranged for BOAC planes at a cost of one crore per month.

U.S. FORCES TO WTHDRAW FROM BERLIN

BERLIN, Oct. 10 (UPA): Military Government Officials predicted today that the United States would begin withdrawing its Berlin forces after the November Conference of Big Four Foreign Ministers in London leaving behind only a skeleton crew.

RUSSIAN EMBASSY FIRED AT

SANTIAGO, (Chile): Oct. 10 (UPA): Unidentified assailants fired machine-gun bullets from a passing automobile into the Russian Embassy today shattering its windows.

ON WITH THE SHOW!

Reminiscences Of Stage And Screen

By "Sardi"

LEW AYERS

Day back over the years, while still a school-boy, I remember seeing GRETA GARBO, one of the few great artistes the screen produced, in a picture called THE KISS. A very handsome youth of about twenty-three made his screen debut in that film, as the boy who gave the heroine the kiss that in turn gave the picture its title. The real hero of the film was CONRAD NAGEL, a player well-known to silent picture fans. Despite, however, the handicap of appearing with such scintillating stars as Garbo and Nagel, the young newcomer made his role stand out, with the result that he was given the part of Paul Baumer in the celluloid version of Eric Maria Remarque's ALL QUIET ON THE WESTERN FRONT.

With that picture. LEW AYERS came quickly into the limelight. He played in film after film in varying roles such as that of a gangster in A HANDFUL OF CLOUDS and an unsophisticated boy of the Mississippi river boats in HEAVEN ON EARTH.

TURNS DIRECTOR

Tiring of acting, Ayers turned to direction for a photoplay called HEARTS IN BONDAGE. However, his innate modesty seemed to prevent him from handling such experienced veterans as HENRY B WALTHALL with anything but diffidence. So back he went before the arclights, scoring heavily as the drunken brother of KATHARINE HEPBURN in HOLIDAY.

How many of you remember him as DR. KILDARE in the popular series? It was a part after his own heart, as he had once studied medicine at Arizona University.

In the late twenties, he married LOLA LANE, then popular in films, and after being divorced from her, the glamorous dancing partner of Fred Astaire—GINGER ROGERS. But this second marriage also crashed in 1938.

CONSCIENTIOUS OBJECTOR

In 1943, America entered the late war. Lew Ayers refused to obey the call to arms! Not because he was afraid, but because in his heart there was a hatred for human slaughter, a tenacious clinging to the commandment, Thou Shalt Not Kill. Defying public opinion, which to a film star is the breath of life, Ayers was sent to a conscientious objectors' Camp in Oregan where he had to cut timber. Later, his wish to serve his fellow-humans was granted when he was enrolled into the non-combatant ranks as a chaplain's assistant, in which capacity, while bearing no arms, he saw action in the Philippines and in New Guinea.

Ayer's hatred of war went back to the time he starred in "All Quiet...." If you saw the film, you will recall that the school-boy—turned—soldier, Paul Baumer, died in No Man's Land while chasing a butterfly. While doing the scene, there surged in the young actor a hatred of killing which later made him an uncompromising conscientious objector.

COME-BACK ROLES

Returning from non-combatant service, Lew reappeared in films, an entirely changed personality, older, maturer, mellowed, as the psychiatrist in THE DARK MIRROR in which OLIVIA DE HAVILLAND, last year's Academy Award winner, played the dual role of twin sisters. Once again, this week, we see Lew Ayers in a mature role—that of Larry, the lawyer friend, in Warner's THE UNFAITHFUL, currently showing at the Strand.

This little story should prove that Hollywood actors are not all thoughtless playboys.

MADELEINE CARROLL

Starring in WHITE CRADLE INN at the [illegible] MADELEINE CARROLL, at one time one of the most beautiful British stage and film stars. She made her first screen appearance in THE GUNS OF LOOS, a silent picture, but came into prominence with the talkies appearing in such British films as THE AMERICAN PRISONER and ATLANTIC.

London play-goers of the late twenties and early thirties, will recall Madeleine Carroll as Isobel in BEAU GESTE and Pauline in THE CONSTANT NYMPH. Soon, however, she entirely forsook the stage for the screen. One of her finest British films was I WAS A SPY in which she played MARTHA McKENNA, the nurse who did espionage work for the Allies in the Great War. With her in the Gaumont production, were CONRAD VEIDT as a German Town Commandant, the late Sir Gerald du Maurier (father of Dapline du Maurier, the author of REBECCA and son of George du Maurier author of TRILBY and PETER IBETTSON) as a Medical Officer, and HERBERT MARSHALL as a hospital orderly working as a spy

IN HOLLYWOOD

The ambitious Toeplitz production THE DICTATOR, also had Madeleine Carroll in the leading feminine role opposite CLIVE BROOK and EMLYN WILLIAMS. How many recall the film to-day? Later, this fine actress went to Hollywood where her first screen appearance was with TYRONE POWER in a film concerned with banking LLOYDS OF LONDON. Remember it? She also appeared in a similar picture opposite FRANCHOT TONE. It was called THE WORLD MOVES ON.

In "White Cradle Inn," Madeleine still displays her old charm, but it must be admitted that at forty-one she shows her age and could, in the future, appear with success only in matronly roles

That's all till next week rolls around.

NOTE

Our Film Reviews appear in the daily "Chronicle" every Friday (foreign pictures) and Saturday (Indian photoplays).

Tara Chaudhari, well known danseuse and exponent of "Bharata Natya", who has just concluded a successful tour in South India and Ceylon, will open her season in Bombay shortly.

CONSULAR REPORT ON INDONESIA

Main Points Of Conclusions Cabled To United Nations Council

BATAVIA, October 11 (Reuter):—The Consular Committee set up by the United Nations has completed its report to the Security Council on the observance of the "cease fire" in Indonesia and decided to-day to cable the main point to the Security Council.

These are understood to embody conclusions agreed by the Consuls on reports on visits of inspection to Dutch and Indonesian fronts and other relevant matters.

The conclusions, it is officially pointed out, are not recommendations. A full written Consular report signed by the Consul-Generals of six nations is to be sent to the Security Council as soon as it has been typed.

BRITAIN'S FUTURE ROLE IN INDIA

'M.G.' Advocates Treaty Classifying Mutual Obligations

MANCHESTER, October 11 (Reuter): In a leading article on India the "Manchester Guardian" to-day wrote: "As long as India and Pakistan remain dominions, they have the automatic guarantee of British alliance, but whether or not they leave the Empire it is desirable that the mutual obligations should be classified in a treaty." A treaty must provide for the closest military collaboration between the Dominions themselves; without this Great Britain could not sanely accept responsibility towards either of them. Here again is a task for constructing the machinery for joint action.

As a mediator in bringing the Dominions together for defence talks Britain still has a part to play. said the paper

It should, of course, be made absolutely clear that Britain offered her services simply as a go-between, friendly to both sides and that she has no desire whatever to intrude into Indian affairs if this is unwelcome.

CONFIDENCE IN NEW TURKISH GOVT.

ANKARA, Oct. 11 (Reuter). The Parliamentary Group of the Republican Peoples' Party—the largest party in the Turkish Parliament-today passed a vote of confidence in the newly-formed Government of M. Hasan Saka by 362 votes to one, and also approved of his legislative programme.

Belgrade Breaks With Chile

BELGRADE, Oct. 11, (Reuter): Yugoslavia has decided to break off diplomatic relations with Chile, "Tanjug" the Yugoslav news agency, reported today.

A Foreign Office Communique said that Chile had "chased out" two Legation officials on Wednesday without justification adding: "It is clear that this insult is part of a premeditated step in the interests of the expansionist tendencies of certain powers which are conducting Chile's home and foreign policies."

Chile's act, which "clearly shows a hostile attitude," coincided with a virulent attack on Yugoslavia by "powers wishing to place obstacles in the way of friendly collaboration between the nations and using the Chilean Government as the means to their end." the Communique added.

When Chile announced the expulsion of the Yugoslav officials she issued a Communique charging Yugoslavia with creating "a vast communist espionage and sabotage organisation" in South America

Junagadh Pleaders Return To State

(From Our Correspondent)
RAJKOT, Oct. 11.

Evacuee pleaders of Junagadh have been informed by Junagadh Authorities that everything was calm in the State and were invited to return. Some pleaders have accordingly left for Junagadh.

FRANCO-POLISH TREATY TALKS

Negotiations Face Difficulties

PARIS, Oct. 11 (Reuter): Negotiations for mutual defence treaties between France and Poland and between France and Czechoslovakia are believed to be in difficulties, it is learned from usually reliable sources here.

The original idea was that if either party was attacked by Germany the other would immediately go to its assistance.

The Poles, it is reliably learned, want this clause to apply also in case of an attack by any country which at the time is an ally of Germany.

The Czechs are understood to have made similar proposals, but French negotiations consider that if aggression is committed by any country other than Germany, France could be free to decide her line of action in the midst of the circumstances.

Negotiations for treaties with Poland and Czechoslovakia to complete the frame work begun with the Anglo-French, France-Russian and Anglo-Russian alliances started several months ago. Reports that the Franco-Polish talks had been interrupted have been denied by the French foreign office.

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GENERAL MANAGER.
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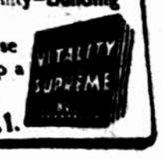


NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, Oct. 10, (Reuter): Cotton opened barely steady 30 to 8 lower with initial easiness reflecting liquidation against the near October option and fairly liberal hedge offerings in the remainder of the list partially in connection with yesterday's heavy spot sales in primary markets. Modest recoveries ensued on trade absorption but reactionary tendencies again developed on renewed persistent dribbles of hedges and new Orleans selling. Losses covered about 20 points at the noon call.

Prices continued to decline during the afternoon influenced by more aggressive hedge selling orders and favourable weather for picking and ginning operations. The market steadied near the close on weekend price fixing and routine trade demands. The session closed steady 52 to 17 lower. Sales were estimated at 225,000 bales.

STOCKS: Yesterday's advance was extended fractions to one point in early trading but follow through short covering and reinvestment demand contracted later and the market presented a mixed appearance at noon. There were mostly mixed fractional changes, losses barely predominating in moderate activity with indecisive group trends. The technical position is considered favouring early resumption of recovery. The averages were industrials 180.15 and rails 48.64. After a further period of narrow movements, buyers took the upper hand with cautious bidding bringing a preponderance of gains upto one point or more. Motors led the rally with Chrysler Corporation at a new high level for the year and other well supported issues included papers, rails equipments, minings, steels, woollens, oils and amusements. Amusements were aided by a report that American film executives were invited to visit London to discuss film tax. Increased pressure in the last half hour reduced or erased numerous earlier gains particularly in industrials and gave the market another day when more than a million shares were sold. The market closed irregular with the composite gain showing a very slight increase.

CHICAGO GRAINS were irregular with the easiness of maize attributed to expectations to the larger official production estimate after the close today and indications that distillers will remain out of the market for some time. The firmer tendency of wheat reflected further hedge lifting against sales to the Government while reports that the C. C. C. is interested in buying additional quantities of oats for export imparted steadiness to this grain.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Oct. 10.	
October	31.38
December	31.33
January nominal	31.34
March	31.48
May	31.50
July	30.91
October	29.00
December nominal	22.65
Middling Spot	31.90

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Oct. 10.	
October bid	31.32
December	31.27
March	31.40
May	31.42
July	30.86
Middling Spot	30.85

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

American Telephone and Telegraph	156-1/2
Amerex Holding Co.	29
Ananconda Copper Mining	35-3/4
Chase National Bank	35
Sinclair Oil (Ex. Div.)	15-7/8
Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co.	50-1/4
General Electric Co.	36
General Motors	58-3/4
Ingersol Rand	135
International Nickel	29
National City Bank of New York	40-3/4
New York Central Rail Road Co.	14-3/4
Socony Vacuum Corporation	16
Texas Corporation	57-7/8
Union Carbon and Carbide	104-1/4
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	48-1/4
U. S. Steel Corporation Common	72-7/8
Western Union Telegraph	25

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, Oct. 10.
December 2.92-1/4 to 2.92-1/2.
March 2.89 to 2.89.
May 2.77-3/4 to 2.77-1/2.
July 2.49-3/4 to 2.49-1/2.

LONDON BULLION.

London, Oct. 10.
Silver Spot 43-1/4 d., Silver Forward 42-3/4 d. Gold £8/12/3.

LONDON WHEAT.

London, Oct. 10.
Australian Wheat (bulk) F. O. B. 109/6 Oct.-Nov.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Oct. 10.

	£
Consols 2-1/2 p c	85
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961	105-1/4
War Loan 3-1/2 p c 1952 and after	103-5/8
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	111-5/8
Victory Bonds 4 p c	113
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	11-1/8
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (Lon. Reg.)	118-1/2
National Bank of India	21

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 6,788.

UNITED STATES SILVER.

New York, Oct. 10.
U. S. Price of Foreign Silver 71-3/8 cents.

DRASTIC MEASURES AGAINST TICKETLESS TRAVEL

Pakistan Govt's. Decision

KARACHI, Oct. 10 (A.P.I.): "Drastic and immediate action is urgently required to combat the evil of the ticketless travel on railways and all your energies must be concentrated on achieving this end. The decisions taken here should be most rigorously enforced and no leniency should be shown to any culprit", said the Hon'ble Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar, Minister of Communications, Pakistan Government at a conference held this morning to discuss the question of ticketless travel. The conference was attended by Mr. Z. H. Khan, Secretary, Communications Ministry, Mr. A. G. Hall, Director General of Railways, Mr. F. M. Khan, General Manager, Khawaja Ubaidullah, Financial Adviser, Communications, Mr. Mayne, Ministry of Evacuation and Rehabilitation, Divisional Superintendents of the N. W. Railway and Railway Police Officers of the West Punjab and Sind.

The Minister added, "It is human endeavour and not measures which will bring success to the problem and you have, therefore, to see that the railway staff discharges its duties most conscientiously and anybody found guilty of slackness in duty must be severely dealt with. If the present rules do not provide sufficiently drastic action, revised ones should be framed to meet the present situation which is full of danger."

CHOICE BEFORE INDIAN RAILWAYMEN IN BURMA

RANGOON, Oct. 10, (Reuter): The Chief Commissioner, Burma Railways, has urged all Indian employees of railways to decide their future plans and inform the authorities before Oct. 20 the Railway "Gazette" reveals today

According to this notification Indian employees of Burma Railways must choose one of the following alternatives:

Firstly, renounce Indian citizenship and become Burma nationals in accordance with the new constitution.

Secondly, renounce India citizenship and acquire Burma citizenship if qualified for it.

Thirdly, retain Indian citizenship and remain in Burma.

Fourthly, Indian citizenship and return to India or Pakistan.

The Chief Railway Commissioner said that the Railway Administration suggested to the Government that special short term contracts might be given to Indian nationals who desire to terminate the present contract and, after being paid up in the normal way, resume duty for short-term contract.

This was because the Railway Administration felt that sudden loss of a large number of Indian staff and employees would result in serious setback of railway reconstruction and operation of service.

ALBANIAN TRAITORS EXECUTED

BELGRADE, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—Sixteen Albanians were executed in Tirana today after being condemned to death by the supreme military tribunal as "traitors" spies and saboteurs," the Yugoslav News Agency reported here tonight.

They were found guilty of having been members of a "criminal organisation" which after the liberation of Albania carried on "anti-national activities" and organised sabotage, the Agency said.

During the trial the public prosecution alleged that the British and United States legations in Tirana had "materially and morally encouraged the saboteurs towards the destruction of Albania's industry".

London Silver Market Idle

LONDON, Oct. 10. (U. P. A.): The silver market remained idle and featureless today. Prices were quoted unchanged at 43-1/4 pence per ounce for spot and 42-3/4 pence per ounce for forward.

New York Silver Price Unchanged

NEW YORK, Oct. 10, (U. P. A.): The price of silver on the New York silver market remained unchanged at 71-3/8 cents per ounce. The volume of business transacted was estimated between 200,000 and 400,000 ounces.

Meanwhile a United Press of America review of the silver market showed that the week passed uneventfully with the price staying fixed at 71-3/8 cents. The supply and demand situation stayed in balance.

S. African Gold Loan For Britain Totals $324,625,000

LONDON, Oct. 11, (U. P. A.): The Treasury announced today that South Africa has agreed to lend Britain $324,625,000 worth of gold to bolster her gold reserves against their gradual depletion through sales for dollars. The agreement was signed today by the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Hugh Dalton, for Britain, and G. Heaton Nichols, for South Africa. The amount of the gold involved is 9,275,000 ounces.

JAI PRAKASH'S WARNING

Cry For Hindu Raj Is Reactionary And Will Lead To Fascism

KOLHAPUR, Oct. 11 (API.) Mr. Jai Prakash Narain, the Socialist leader, addressing students of Rajaram College here this morning on the occasion of the 67th College Day said "the cry for Hindu Raj is a reactionary cry, and is intended to deflect young men from their efforts to remove inequalities in life."

The people should beware of people who were at the back of this movement namely the Maharajas and capitalists, he observed. They were the very people who had supported the British Government. The leaders who were crying for Hindu Raj now were absent when the people were fighting the British Rule. The Hindu Raj they contemplated would only be a Fascist Raj.

Mr. Jai Prakash Narain warned that retaliation was no solution of the communal problem. They could not evacuate all Muslims from India to Pakistan and bring all Non-Muslims from there. Such exchange of population would take a long time and the country's economy would be shattered.

"The supreme need of the hour is the strengthening of the Government and establishing peace in the country."

"C.R." Not To Return To Politics

MADRAS, Oct. 10, (A.P.I.): Now that we have won independence, it should be the foremost duty of every responsible citizen of India to conduct himself in a disciplined and orderly manner and foster peace and harmony in the country, declared His Excellency Sri C. Rajagopalachari, Governor of West Bengal, replying to to the civic address presented to him this evening by the Corporation of Madras.

NORMAL CONDITION IN BENGAL

Mr. Rajagopalachari, who was speaking in Tamil said that however high was the position he was holding in Bengal his heart was always with the people of Tamilnad. Governorship after all, was not a covetable job as many might think. It was like the job of a rope-dancer in the circus. It had come to him not out of his choice, but in the apportionment of responsibilities in the new set up he had to accept it as a national duty. The situation in Bengal at that time was very critical. However due to the will of the Providence and Mahatma Gandhi's efforts the sudden out-burst of communal trouble was immediately quelled and normal conditions restored. It was his good luck that Bengal was today free from communal tension as well as from famine. He was happy to learn that Madras too had got over the food crisis.

NO ACTIVE PART IN TAMILNAD POLITICS

Some people in Madras, Mr. Rajagopalachari said, wished that he should return soon from Bengal and take up the leadership of the Province. He could never entertain any such idea. He made it plain that he had decided once for all not to take to active politics in Madras. As the Governor, he had ceased to be a politician and, after his retirement from that post, it would be improper for him to revert to active politics. Tamilnad was not lacking in talents and it lay on the people of the Province to choose the right men to run the administration. Even though he was keeping off from politics, he assured them that he would always help them with his advice wherever necessary.

On his arrival at the Stadium the Governor of West Bengal inspected a guard of honour provided by a Sikh Regiment now stationed in the Madras Area

U. S. MOVE TO RELIEVE OIL SHORTAGE

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11, (Reuter): The United States will put 96 laid up oil tankers back into use to help relieve world shortage of oil transport facilities according to a White House announcement.

Twenty-six of these will be reconditioned by the navy to be operated by private shipping companies and merchant crews and 46 will be sold to foreign countries

VIENNA, Oct. 10, (Reuter): Lieut.-General Alexander Galloway, new British High Commissioner and General Officer Commanding in Austria, made a personal appeal to General Vladimir Kurasov, Russian Commander in Austria, here today to help Austria get back railway goods wagons sent to Hungary.

Majority Of Muslims In India Are Following Normal Life

Sardar's Defence Of Amritsar Speech: Reply To Liaquat Ali

NEW DELHI, October 11 (API):—The Deputy Prime Minister of India, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel in a rejoinder to a statement made by the Premier of Pakistan in Amritsar on the transfer of population says: "My attention has been drawn to a statement issued by Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, the Prime Minister of Pakistan, in the course of which he has taken exception to a portion of my speech at Amritsar, in which I said that I was quite certain that "India's interest lay in getting all her men and women across the border and sending out all Muslims from East Punjab."

A WRONG APPROACH

It is not my habit to enter into long-range political controversies or a wordy war-fare in the press, but Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan's approach to my speech at Amritsar is so fundamentally wrong as to compel me to give this rejoinder. He has evidently forgotten that the question of sending out Muslims from East Punjab or non-Muslims from West Punjab is no longer a matter of policy of any one Government, but an agreed arrangement between the Dominions of India and of Pakistan. He, as a participant in the inter-Dominion conferences in which this agreement was reached and the means of its enforcement are being settled. should have known better.

Politicians memory is proverbially short but that of the Prime Minister of Pakistan seems to be shorter. If, therefore, he deliberately ignores these facts or sidetracks the issues involved, the conclusion is irresistible that he is not prepared to own or face up to the consequences of decisions to which he has been a willing party.

A SAD COMMENTARY

He has also repeated the oft-heard assurances to the minority communities of Pakistan. The proof of the pudding lies in the eating thereof. The value of these assurances is writ large on thousands of murders abductions forced marriages, burnt houses and maimed children and the treatment of non-Muslim men, women and children leaving Pakistan in utter distress but still being subjected to most harassing and humiliating experiences. Neither any sense of chivalry, nor decency seems to guide those who are so solicitous of minorities, welfare as to resort the name of Pakistan to wholesale pilfering of fleeing refugees. Men and women in tattered clothes who have found refuge in India, persons deprived of all their worldly possessions, children from whom the last bottle of sweets is snatched in order presumably to prevent the transfer of bulk merchandise and women stripped to the last ornament on their person and standing with just the bare clothes on their body, provide a sad commentary on the so-called "assurances" of a fair deal which are being offered to non-Muslims in Pakistan.

Let the leaders of Pakistan, therefore, be under no delusion that these paper assurances are going to stop this emigration of non-Muslim refugees from Pakistan. Once bit are proverbially twice shy, but those who have been bit half a dozen times can hardly reconcile themselves to assurances sent to them either in cold print or across the ether.

BREAKING A VICIOUS CIRCLE

Such acts lead to a chain of reaction and counter-reaction, and it was with a desire to break this vicious circle that I proceeded to Amritsar and spoke directly to the lakhs of refugees assembled there. Judging from all accounts and thanks to the hearty response secured from the Sikh leaders and the non-Muslim rank and file, the speech has largely succeeded in its objective.

It appears that this attack on my Amritsar speech is a clever move to create a false propaganda of the ousting of the minority in Pakistan. If so I am sure that it will miserably fail in its purpose. Those who see daily streams of refugees from all over Western Pakistan escaping with just their clothes can hardly be taken in by it. Those that are left behind are in daily terror of their lives. They know not what the morrow has in store for them.

On the other hand, in India over the three-fourths of the country, Muslims are following their normal avocations and showing no signs of leaving. They are living peacefully in their ancestral homes or on lands in complete protection of their lives and property vouchsafed to them by their Government.

"A Disservice To Hyderabad"

Sardar Deplores Agent General's Statement In London

NEW DELHI, Oct. 11, (A.P.I.): Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister, in a statement tonight said: "I have seen the reported statement of the Agent-General in London of H. E. H. the Nizam of Hyderabad in which he has expressed his anticipation of the employment of "shock tactics" on the part of the Indian Government and referred to the resistance which any attempted coercion by armed resistance would invoke from Hyderabad's "strong and well-equipped army". I am quite certain that this statement does not represent the views or apprehensions of His Exalted Highness's Government. Their Advisers who are all wise and seasoned counsellors are engaged in delicate negotiations and they would be the first to recognise the impropriety of such false and senseless propaganda at a time when conversations are being carried on in a most friendly and peaceful atmosphe.

It is inconceivable that the Government of Hyderabad contemplate any prospect of a trial of strength between their forces and the combined forces of Indian Dominion and the acceding States. By rushing to print with these ill-conceived fears and ill-founded apprehensions of a conflict which, I am sure, Hyderabad Government would not relish, the Agent-General has rendered a distinct disservice to his own Government.

FRENCH OFFENSIVE PROGRESSING

HANOI, Oct. 10. (Reuter): Large-scale encircling operations launched recently against Viet Nam forces by the French in Tonking are "progressing very favourably on all sectors with French casualties very light", according to semi-official French press reports received here to-night.

The first phase of the new French drive, which consisted largely of parachute operations, has apparently been completed with the re-establishment of regular plane flights from Saigon to Hanoi. the French press reports said.

The same messages reported unconfirmed rumours that the Viet Nam Minister of Finance, M. Le Van Hien, had been taken prisoner.

W. PAKISTAN TO NATIONALISE LAND

TAXILA, (A.P.I.): The West Punjab Government propose nationalising land in the province the Revenue Minister, Sardar Shaukat Hyat Khan, announced at a public meeting the other day while on a three-day tour of Rawalpindi division. He said the Government had chalked out a plan in this connection and the Thal area will be the first to be experimented upon.

Sardar Shaukat Hyat Khan said the plan envisaged that the Government would expropriate half of the land owned by those who owned more than 1,000 acres of land and one-third of those who passessed land from 500 to 1,000 acres.

The Revenue Minister also announced that the West Punjab Government had decided to abolish 'Jagir' system which bred stooges at the cost of the teeming masses and declared that all taxes on the domestic animals viz goats and camels had been halved for the current year.

Drawing an analogy between the gigantic refugee problem facing the West Punjab today and the "Hij rat" episode in the times of the Prophet of Islam, the Minister exhorted the Pakistani Muslims to revive their traditional Islamic spirit and follow the footsteps of the "Ansars of Medina" who offered half of their belongings to the evacuees of Mecca when the Prophet and his comrades were forced to migrate from Mecca.

Syrian Military Manoeuvres

Arab Troops To Occupy British Posts On Their Withdrawal

DAMASCUS, October 11 (Reuter): The newspaper "Barada" to-day reported that 12,000 Syrian soldiers were taking part in manoeuvres and military exercises and were going to-day to the Palestine frontier regions, while the Defence Minister, Ahmad Charabati, observed from an aircraft.

The Journal claimed that Arab forces were destined to occupy positions which would be evacuated by the British on leaving Palestine and from which would be established the Palestinian Republic under the presidency of the Mufti.

The newspaper "Achieve" declared that the "enterprise" would be incomplete unless the occupation spread to all Palestine

U.S. SUPPORTS PARTITION OF PALSESTINE

(Continued from Page 9.)

ed in the establishment of a workable political settlement in Palestine.

"We refer to assistance, through the United Nations, in meeting economic and financial problems and the problem of Internal Law and Order during the transition period. The latter problem might require the establishment of a Special Constabulary or Police Force recruited on a volunteer basis by the United Nations.

"We do not refer to the possibility of violations by any member of its obligations to refrain in its International Relations from the threat or use of force. We assume that there will be observance of the Charter.

"Eighthly, in the final analysis, the problem of making any solution work rests with the people of Palestine. If the new Political Institutions are to endure they must provide for early assumption by the people themselves of responsibility for their own domestic order.

SUB-COMMITTEE TO WORK OUT DETAILS

"Acts of violence against Constituted Authority, and against rival elements of local populations, have appeared in Palestine over many years and have greatly increased the difficulties of finding a workable solution to this complex problem.

"Certain elements have resorted to force and terror to obtain their own particular aims. Obviously this violence must cease if independence is to be more than an empty phrase in the Holy Land.

"Ninthly, if the Committee favours the principales of the Majority Plan, we should establish a Sub-Committee to work out details of the programme which we would recommend to the General Assembly.

"Tenthly, the recommendation reached by the General Assembly will represent the collective opinion of the world. The problem has thus far defied solution because the parties primarily at interest have been unable to reach a basis of agreement. This is a problem in the solution of which world opinion can be most helpful."

ARABS LASH BACK AT U.S. SUPPORT OF PARTITION

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 11 (UPA). The Arabs lashed back at United States support of partitioning Palestine with Syria's Faris el Khoury, who followed China's Tsiang, asserting that "no election season in the United States passes without political piartes making solemn promises to support the Zionist dream."

El Khoury said, "Without a shadow of doubt the Committee majority report is unacceptable. The Jews invaded Palestine as marauders. Palestine Arabs today are the descendants of those who fought the Jews and tried to push them back." El Khoury said, "The Zionist claims to Palestine on historic grounds is nothing short of fantastic, It is said the Jews fought heroically against their oppressors in the recent war. If that is so why do they not stay in their homes and reap the fruits of their heroic efforts?"

Russia To Speak On Palestine

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 11 (UPA). The end of the United States delegation's long silence on the Palestine question prompted Soviet Russia to ask permission to speak at next week's sessions of the Assembly's Palestine Committee.

It also was reported that Britain would ask permission to speak for the second time.

RUSSIA ATTACKS U.S. POLICY IN JAPAN

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 10 (UPA): Russia in the United Nations Economic Committee through A. Arutunian launched an all-out attack on United States policy in Japan, charging that "reactionary forces were feverishly working on the restoration of Japan's industrial power".

ARMED TROOPS FOR ARAB LEAGUE

Five States Pledge Military Aid

BEIRUT, Oct. 11, (Reuter): Nearly 230,000 fully armed and trained troops—roughly 20 divisions—were placed at the disposal of the Arab League today by five of even Arab States pledged to send military aid to the Arabs in Palestine in the event of a British withdrawal.

The Arab States "battle order" was disclosed to a Sub-Committee of the Arab League Council at what is expected to be the final session of discussions on Palestine that have lasted almost a week.

The manpower line up is as follows: Egypt 120,000; Iraq 60,000; Syria 18,000; Lebanon 8,000; Transjordan 12,000.

Besides these the Palestine Arabs are expected to be able to put into the field an estimated 10,000 fighting men, mostly of the para-military organisations Najadda and Futuwa.

Saudi Arabia and the Yemen did not disclose their armed strength.

While these figures are official estimates of the Arab armies it is not likely that all 230,000 men would be available to go into the field at one time against Jews whose estimated maximum strength would be 80,000 men and women.

There was still no indication here tonight of the extent of reported troop movements towards the Palestine frontiers.

Transjordan To Join In Arab March

BEIRUT, Oct. 11, (U.P.A.): Arab League sources said today that King Abdullah of Transjordan has agreed to send his British-trained forces along with other Arab countries on the march towards Palestine.

The King's decision was reportedly given at his Amman headquarters last night when he said that he would throw his best Arab army into battle.

Mufti Stays On In Lebanon

CAIRO, October 11 (Reuter): The ex-Mufti of Jerusalem, Haj Amin el Husseini who left Cairo to attend the Arab League meeting in Beirut, intends to stay in the Lebanon for the time being, according to the well-informed newspaper, "Akbar El Yom".

The Ex-Mufti is said to consider that in the Lebanon he is in a better position to watch Palestine developments and to "keep contact with his men, which is difficult in Egypt owing to the cholera epidemic."

The 'Akbar El Yom' added that the Arab League Council's session in Beirut will sit permanently in view of the seriousness of the Palestine situation.

The Heads of Delegations will return to their respective countries this week-end, but will be at 24 hours' call if necessary.

HAGANA JEWISH ARMY MOVES

JERUSALEM, Oct. 10, (UPA): The Hagana army began moving troops to five points along the Lebanese-Syrian border presumably as a countermeasure against Arab forces converging on the frontier.

Underground sources said that reinforcements were being rushed to Nahariya, Hanita, Kefar Giladi, and Metula after a reported hasty reorganization of Hagana.

BRITAIN NOT INFORMED

LONDON, Oct. 10, (Reuter): The decision of the Arab League Council, now in session at Beirut, to call on Arab States to send troops to the frontiers of Palestine was taken without the foreknowledge of the British Government, a Foreign Office spokesman stated in London tonight.

He stated categorically that Britain had not been informed of Arab military intentions toward Palestine.

Yugoslavia Breaks Off Diplomatic Relations With Chile

BELGRADE, October 11 (UPA):—Yugoslavia announced to-day that she has broken off diplomatic relations with Chile because two Yugoslav diplomats were expelled from Chile.

Jinnah's 'Don't Migrate' Call To Minorities

'GIVE CHANCE TO PROVE PAKISTAN'S BONAFIDES'

Address To Civil And Military Officers As "Architects Of New State"

KARACHI, Oct. 11.(API)·

Quaid-I-Azam Mohammed Ali Jinnah, Governor-General of Pakistan, speaking to about one thousand Civil, Army, Navy and Air Force Officers to the Pakistan Government said: "God has given us a grand opportunity to show our worth as architects of new State and let it not be said that we did not prove equal to the task".

Qaid-e-Azam Jinnah stated: "A question that has been agitating my mind is the treatment of minorities. I have repeatedly made it clear in my utterances, both private and public, that we would treat the minorities fairly and that nothing is farther from our thoughts than to drive them away. I, however, regret to say that the minorities here did not give us a chance to prove our "bona fides", nor did they give us their whole-hearted co-operation as citizens of Pakistan when the crisis suddenly overtook us"

GRIEVANCE AGAINST INDIA

"When I turn my eyes to the sister Dominion of India," continued Mr. Jinnah "I find that the Muslim minority there has suffered grievous wrongs. Not content with having uprooted Muslims from East Punjab, certain sections in India seem to be determined to drive Muslims from the entire Dominion by making life impossible for them. These helpless victims of organised forces feel that they have been let down by us. It is a thousand pities that things have come to such a pass. The division of India was agreed upon with a solemn and sacred undertaking that minorities would be protected by the two Dominion Governments and that the minorities had nothing to fear so long as they remained loyal to the State. If that is still the policy of the Government of India, and I am sure it is, they should put a stop to this process of victimization of Muslims, which, if persisted in, would mean ruin for both States"

FULL TEXT OF SPEECH

The following is the text of Qaid-e-Azam's address:—"The establishment of Pakistan, for which we had been striving for the last ten years, is, by the grace of God, an established fact today, but the creation of a State of our own was a means to an end and not an end in itself. The idea was that we should have a state in which we could live and breathe as free men and which we could develop according to our own lights and culture and where the principles of Islamic social justice could find free play. I had no illusion about the hard work that awaited us and the difficulties that had to be overcome. I was, however, fortified by the knowledge that I could count upon the unstinted support of all Muslims and also the minorities whose co-operation we could win over by fair—nay generous—treatment. Unfortunately, the birth of Pakistan was attended by a holocaust unprecedented in history.

COLOSSAL PROBLEMS

"Hundreds of thousands of defenceless people have been mercilessly butchered and millions have been displaced from their hearths and homes. People who till yesterday were leading a decent and prosperous life, are to-day paupers with no means of livelihood. A good many of them have already found asylum in Pakistan, but many more are still stuck in East Punjab awaiting evacuation. That they are still on the other side of the border is not due to the fact that we have been unmindful of their sad plight. The evacuation of these unfortunate persons has been our first concern, and everything that is humanly possible is being done to alleviate their suffering As you are aware, the Prime Minister has shifted his headquarters to Lahore and we have set up an Emergency Committee of the Cabinet to deal with the situation as it develops from day to day.

"The disorders in the Punjab have brought in their wake the colossal problem of rehabilitation of millions of displaced persons. This is going to tax our energies and resources to the utmost extent. It has made the difficulties inherent in the building of a new State, I referred to earlier, manifold Are we going to allow ourselves to be overwhelmed by the immensity of the task that is confronting us and let our newborn State founder under the cruel and dastardly blows struck by our enemies?"

CHALLENGE TO EXISTENCE

"This is a challenge to our very existence and if we are to survive as a nation and are to translate our dreams about Pakistan into reality, we shall have to grapple with the problems facing us with redoubled zeal and energy. Our masses are today disorganised and disheartened by the cataclysm that has befallen them. Their morale is exceedingly low, and we shall have to do something to pull them out of the slough of despondency and galvanise them into activity. All this throws additional responsibility on Government servants to whom our people are looking for guidance.

"I know that during the past few weeks anxiety about the safety of your kith and kin in East Punjab, Delhi and other disturbed areas of India has been weighing on the minds of most of you. Lots of you and your staff have suffered bereavements in the recent holocaust and have also lost valuable property. My heart goes out in sympathy to those who have suffered bereavements, and I pray to God Almighty that He may give them fortitude to bear their losses with courage

"But are all these sacrifices that we have been called upon to make to be in vain? Are we going to sit down and mope over our losses? If we do so we shall be behaving just as our enemies want us to behave. We shall be playing their game and will soon be suppliants for their mercy. The fitting response to the machinations of our enemies would be a grim determination to get down to the task of building our State on strong and firm foundations—a State which should be fit for our children to live in. This requires work, work and more work."

WAR HAS NOT ENDED

"I fully well realise that a majority of you have worked under a terrible strain during the War years and might need relaxation. But you should remember that for us the war has not ended. It has only just begun and if we are to fight it to victory, we shall have to put in superhuman efforts. This is not the time to think in terms of personal advancement and jockeying for positions. It is time for constructive effort, selfless work and steadfast devotion to duty.

"This being the need of the day, I was pained to learn that a good many of our staff are not pulling their weight. They seem to be thinking that now that Pakistan has been achieved they can sit back and do nothing. Some of them have been demoralised by the happenings in East Punjab and Delhi and in others, the general lawlessness prevailing in some parts of the country has bred a spirit of indiscipline. These tendencies, if not checked immediately, will prove more deadly than our external enemies and will spell ruin for us. It is the duty of all of you who have gathered here to-day to see that this cancer is removed as speedily as possible. You have to infuse a new spirit in your men by precept and by example. You have to make them feel that they are working for a cause, and that the cause is worth every sacrifice that they may be called upon to make.

"God has given us a grand opportunity to show our worth as architects of a new State, and let it not be said that we did not prove equal to the task."

TROUBLE IN FRONTIER

"It is true that there was some trouble in the N.W.F.P. and Baluchistan, but it was not the outcome of any premediated plan Some excitable elements in society were carried away by the tales of woe brought by refugees from East Punjab, and sought solace in revenge, which was definitely against our policy and contrary to our express instructions to our people that there should be no retaliation. Whatever has happened cannot be justified.

"I am however, glad to say that this trouble was short lived and the situation was soon brought under control.

"In the West Punjab, things were rather different. It was nearer the scene of carnage and could not escape the contagion. Regrettable incidents have no doubt taken place there, but the arm of law is again asserting itself and things are returning to normal

MUSLIM MINORITY IN INDIA

"When I turn my eyes to the sister Dominion of India, I find that the Muslim minority there has suffered grievous wrongs. Not content with having uprooted Muslims from East Punjab, certain sections in India seem to be determined to drive Muslims from the entire Dominion by making life impossible for them. These helpless victims of organised forces feel that they have been let down by us. It is a thousand pities that things have come to such a pass. The division of India was agreed upon with a solemn and sacred undertaking that minorities would be protected by the two Dominion Governments, and that the minorities had nothing to fear so long as they remained loyal to the State."

PLAN TO CRIPPLE PAKISTAN

"Another question that has been agitating my mind is the treatment of minorities. I have repeatedly made it clear in my utterances, both private and public that we would treat the minorities fairly and that nothing is farther from our thoughts than to drive them away. I, however, regret to say that the minorities here did not give us a chance to prove our bonafides nor id they ive us their whole-hearted co-operation as citizens of Pakistan when the crisis suddenly overtook us. Before we could assume the reins of office non-Muslims started pulling out of Pakistan which as subsequent events have proved was part of a well-organised plan to criple Pakistan. But for a few sporadic incidents here and there, nothing has happened to mar the peace of Sind. But despite the prevalence of peaceful conditions here the exodus of Hindus continues. Some have given way to panic and others have been leaving Pakistan in the hope that it will be paralysed economically and socially a lot of migrants are already realizing the folly of their rash act in leaving the country of their birth or domicile, but some interested parties persist in encouraging migration which is fraught with grievous consequences for the migrants and also does harm to our State in the process."

A WORD TO INDIA

"If that is still the policy of the Government of India, and I am sure it is, they should put a stop to the process of victimization of Muslims, which, if persisted in, would mean ruin for both States. My advice to my Muslim breathern in India is to give unflinching loyalty to the State, in which they happen to be. At the same time, they should reorganize themselves and create the right leadership which should give them the correct lead in these perilous times. I further hope that the Government of India would see that their fair name is not sullied by ill-advised action on the part of those who are bent upon the eviction, or extermination, of the Muslims of India by brutal and inhuman methods. If the ultimate solution of the minority problem is to be mass exchange of population, let it be taken up at Governmental plane and should not be left to be sorted out by bloodthirsty elements

"As regards the Government of Pakistan, I again reiterate with all the emphasis at my command that we shall pursue our settled policy in this respect and we shall continue to protect the lives and property of minorities and shall give them a fair deal. We do not want them to be forced to leave Pakistan, and that so long as they remain faithful and loyal to the State they shall be entitled to the same treatment as any other citizens"

DUTY OF GOVT. SERVANTS

"It is the duty of Government servants who are responsible for enforcing the policy of Government to see that this policy is scrupulously carried out so that we may not throw ourselves open to the charge that we do not mean what we say. It is you who can convice the man in the street of the sincerity of our intentions, and I am confident that you would not fail us".

The Governor-General finally said: "Be united, be selfless, keep in front of you the collective good of the nation and remember the motto that I have often times repeated: 'unity discipline, faith'".

West Bengal Move To Check Rise In Land Prices

New Rail And Road Projects To Link Up Separated Part Of New Province

CALCUTTA, Oct. 11, (A.P.I.): The West Bengal Premier, Dr. P. C. Ghosh told a press conference today that his Government did not want any exodus from East Bengal, but if in spite of this anybody would migrate from East Bengal to the west, it would be the duty of the people and the State here to help him as much as possible.

He said that a large number of new ration cards had to be issued in Calcutta, during the past few weeks and he believed that the influx of people from East Bengal might be one of the reasons for this increase in the population of the citv.

Dr. Ghosh advised the people not to crowd the city but to go to mofussil districts where they should get accommodation. Government, he added, would take measures shortly to check the exorbitant price of land in West Bengal districts.

Dr. Ghosh also told the pressmen that he proposed to discuss various problems affecting the minorities in the two Bengals when he would meet the East Bengal Premier Mr. Nazimuddin next week.

NEW RAIL-ROAD TO LINK WEST BENGAL DISTRICTS

CALCUTTA, Oct. 11, (A.P.I.): The two parts of the newly created West Bengal province—All the districts in West Bengal in the south and the districts of Jalpaguri and Darjeeling in the north—will soon be connected both by railways and highways

The decision was taken at a conference held recently in Delhi between the representatives of the Government of India and those of the Governments of West Bengal and Assam, it is reliably learnt here

The province of West Bengal has been cut into two parts by the Radcliffe Award, and as a result hundreds of miles of the railway passed through Pakistan territories. The Delhi Conference it is stated discussed the position and decided to construct a new line through Bihar connecting the Districts of Darjeeling and Jalpaiguri with West Bengal

A new highway connecting these two parts of the province and running from Calcutta to Darjeeling border through Bihar, is also proposed to be constructed. Preliminary work will be taken up immediately and the scheme is expected to be completed in the course of the next two or three years.

SAIGON, Oct. 10 (Reuter).—French troops have liberated about 100 hostages in the new military operations which have been under way in Tonking for the past few days, according to a French News Agency message.

U.N. TO SET UP SPECIAL BALKAN COMMISSION

Political Committee Approves Plan By 32 Votes Against 1

LAKE SUCCESS, NEW YORK, October 10, (Reuter): The United Nations Political Committee approved here tonight the setting of a Special Balkans Commission by 32 votes for and one against with 12 abstentions.

The Commission is to consist of representatives of Australia, Brazil, China, France Mexico, the Netherlands, Pakistan Britain and the United States. Seats would be held open for Poland and the Soviet Union

The voting was reached after a long involved debate.

A decision in principle to set up a Balkans "watchdog" Commission was taken by the Political Committee on Wednesday

M. Andrei Vyshinsky, Soviet delegate, announced yesterday that Russia would boycott the commission and alleged that the Committee's procedure in creating it was 'abnormal' Poland Yugoslavia, Byelo-Russia the Ukraine and Czechoslovakia also announced they refused to take part in the commission.

The committee turned down by 29 votes to six with 16 abstentions a Colombian proposal to delete findings of guilt against Yugoslavia, Bulgaria and Albania from a United States resolution

Voting and discussion of the resolution and another amendments by France modifying guilt was postponed until tomorrow

BRITAIN AND U. S. ACCUSED

LAKE SUCCESS, NEW YORK, October 11, (Reuter): Britain and the United States were accused here by Yugoslavia yesterday of refusing to hand over war criminals, Quislings and traitors.

The Yugoslav Ambassador to the United States M. Sava Kosanovitch alleged in the General Assembly's Legal Committee that they had failed to implement the General Assembly resolution of February 1946 on the subject

Mr. Charles Fahy the U. S. representative vigorously denied the allegations

Sir Hartley Shawcross (Britain) said he would give a detailed reply later about the persons whom Kosanovitch alleged were withheld by Britain

"It has always been Britain's intention that war criminals against whom an honest case made out, and who are under our control shall be extradited," he added.

SOVIET DELEGATE ACCUSES U. S.

LAKE SUCCESS, NEW YORK, October 10, (Reuter): The Soviet Union delegate Dr. A. Arutianian, told the United Nations Economic Committee here today that the United States loan to Britain left no doubt that the United States was exploiting Britain's financial difficulties.

"If the United States does this to such a great power as Britain, then there is no doubt about the political objectives of her so-called financial aid policy in general" he said.

Attacking the Truman doctrine and its "second edition — the Marshall Plan' as political and economic enslavement. Dr. Arutianian said: "The Marshall Plan does not even exist as a plan but a policy developing as a result of that plan has already made international relations more acute beginning with the day the plan was announced at Harvard.

INVITATION TO ECONOMIC COMMISSION

LAKE SUCCESS, NEW YORK, Oct. 10, (Reuter): The Soviet Union served notice today that she will demand that Metropolitan powers be bypassed when invitations are issued to non-self-governing territories for consultations on work of the Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East

M Arutianian (Russia) formally proposed to the General Assembly's Economic Committee that it should reverse the Economic and Social Council's decision on this matter and also reconsider whether to include all member nations in Asia and the Far East in the Commission

M. Arutianian said the colonial powers were still clinging to the advantages they acquired by force and that the theory had been invented that unless Japan's economy was restored war-stricken countries could not be restored.

"In Asia the same thing is happening as in Europe, where they want to restore Germany's war industrial potential. The theory of priority for Japan means the restoration of an economic basis of imperialism in the Far East under American direction For the peoples of Asia and the Far East it means a new threat to their national liberation movement and a fresh attempt to keep these countries in the position of agricultural and raw material appendages of industrially developed countries of homeland

"In this connection great responsibility devolves upon the Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East."

RUSSIA TO BOYCOTT BALKAN COMMISSION

The United Nations Political Committee tonight approved the special Balkan Commission by 32 votes with one against and 12 abstentions. M. Andrei Vyshinsky, the Soviet delegate, announced at yesterday's sitting that Russia would boycott the Commission. Byelo-Russia, the Ukraine and Czechoslovakia also announced that they refused to have any part in the Commission.

SCIENTISTS TO BAG ANTS

SYDNEY (Reuter): Two Canberra scientists next month will begin a tour of the Nullabor Plain for ants and flies.

Travelling for seven weeks in an army weapon carrier, they will range over the pathless wastes between Adelaide and Perth for ants, white ants, grasshoppers, locusts and flies.

The scientists are entomologists of the Council for Scientific research and Industrial Research Mr. T. Grieve and Mr John Calaby.

The trip will be the first 'bring 'em back alive" expedition undertaken by the C.S.I.R. in Australia.

Valuable data of links between insect pests on the eastern and western sides of the continent is expected.

Rev. Scott At U.N As Adviser To Maharaj Singh

NEW YORK, Oct. 11, (Reuter): The Reverend Michael Scott of South Africa who was refused a "visa" recently by the United States authorities, suddenly turned up here yesterday as Adviser to Sir Maharaj Singh, Indian delegate to the United Nations.

Rverend Scott said he had brought with him a petition from the inhabitants of South West Africa opposing the annexation of their territory to South Africa.

He told the press that he was representing the Council for Asiatic rights, which he said was a European organisation in South Africa.

"After writing for several weeks I decided to go to London, where an appeal for my services as a Special Adviser to Sir Maharaj Singh was made through the Deputy High Commissioner for India in London" he said.

"I was eventually granted an American visa on the following conditions. Firstly, that I remained in the United States only for the period of the General Assembly.

"Secondly that I enter and depart from an Atlantic port.

"Thirdly, I must not move anywhere beyond the United Nations headquarters and its vicinity.

Fourthly, I must not engage in extra curricular subversive or propaganda activities, or agitation against the United States"

Reverend Scott declared in his "visa" application that he was not a Communist nor a member of any Communist front.

Rivalry Between U. S. And Soviet

LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuter): The disquietening feature of the whole situation in China lies in the fact "that China should be confirmed as a fresh sphere of rivalry between the United States and Soviet Russia", said the influential "Times" in a leading article on to-day's 36 anniversary of the foundation of the Chinese Republic.

"The double tenth" dawns over a land racked by civil war, the paper said.

"As yet no prospect can be discerned of the terminaion of the fratricidal struggle, the issue of which still hangs in the balance. The task of suppressing the Communist regime by force, undertaken with such high hopes by General Chiang Kai-Shek is proving more than difficult.

Its one chance of success lies in American intervention upon a greatly increased scale, continued the "Times" but the statement published by General Wedemeyer last August held out no hope that assistance would be forthcoming in the measures necessary to ensure the victory of the Central Government.

"If the United States becomes irretrievably committed to supporting the present Chinese Government by force of arms it is inevitable that the Communist should seek Russian intervention.

"The United States can do much without actively intervening in the civil war, to encourage political and economic reform in China, and thus to remedy the multiple ills from which the country, to the great regret of her friends in Britain and elsewhere, is now suffering so terribly" the "Times" concluded.

STUDENTS CALL OFF "DIRECT ACTION"

LUCKNOW, Oct. 11 (API).—The fifteen-day old 'Direct Action' movement of the students against the decision of the Provincial Government to enhance the tuition fees in educational institutions has been called off.

THOUSANDS OF LIVES SAVED BY NEW INSECTICIDES

Although it is common knowledge that typhoid and malaria kill thousands yearly, it is not generally known that these dread diseases often are spread by the fly and mosquito.

Science has now developed a deadly insect-killer in DDT—a complete departure from the earlier method of killing insects by constant use of sprays and powders. Unlike the old insect sprays and powders, the killing power of DDT persists long after being applied. One of the most efficient methods of application is to spray a 5% DDT oil solution on doors, ceilings and other surfaces. After this has been done, the DDT will remain deadly to insects for weeks and even months after spraying. DDT is simple in its action: after DDT is sprayed, the oil evaporates, leaving a deadly film of DDT on the surface. When insects touch this film they become gradually paralyzed and die. While long-lasting in effect, DDT is slow in action and possesses no great knock-down qualities.

When a fast-acting insecticide is desired, pyrethrum sprays are superior. Pyrethrum is obtained from a daisy-like plant that grows in Kenya, British East Africa. Unlike DDT, pyrethrum sprays result in rapid knock-down. Insects passing through a pyrethrum spray become immediately paralyzed, drop to the ground and soon die. It should be remembered however, that pyrethrum insecticides have no residual value. Through skillful blending of synthetic compounds with pyrethrum, knock-down insecticides have now been produced which are far superior to the pre-war type of pyrethrum spray.

Using a pyrethrum spray to get rid of insects quickly and a 5% DDT spray for long-lasting protection gives the home complete freedom from harmful insects.

These 2 Insecticides Sure Death to Insects
MADE IN U.S.A.
FLIT
Surface Spray
CONTAINS 5% DDT
FOR SPRAYING
WALLS CEILINGS
AND OTHER SURFACES
DRIES AND LEAVES A FILM THAT
KILLS
FLIES · MOSQUITOES
ROACHES · BED BUGS
MOTHS · ANTS
AND MANY OTHER HOUSEHOLD INSECTS
STANCO INCORPORATED, BAYWAY, NEW JERSEY, U.S.A.
CONTAINS 5% DDT
FLIT
Kills Flies Mosquitoes Cockroaches Bed Bugs Moths Ants
CONTAINS PYRETHRUM + SYNTHETIC COMPOUNDS
To be sure you get FLIT SURFACE SPRAY, ask for the green tin with the marching soldiers. When you buy FLIT, look for the soldier on the yellow tin.
For long-lasting protection, use FLIT Surface Spray
For quick killing power, rely on FLIT

CHINA HAVE TO TAKE TIME

M. G.'s" Prediction On China's Future Cotton Industry

MANCHESTER, Oct. 10 (Reuter): Any expansion of China's cotton industry will come too late to take advantage of the world shortage of cotton goods in order to establish an export trade, the "Manchester Guardian", published in the centre of Britain's cotton industry, predicted to-day.

Its wishes to win the foreign markets formerly supplied by Japan was one of the Chinese Government's reasons for taking over at the end of the war the half of the country's cotton industry that had been in Japanese ownership. "It seems likely to be a long time, however, before China in fact plays much part in the world's textile trade", said the paper, since nearly 40 per cent of China's 5,000,000 spindles were destroyed during the war and the industry was producing only about one-half as much as it did before the war.

"It would be very hard for the Government to export part of this inadequate output when the Chinese themselves are so short of textiles. Also, costs of production are very high and the goods probably could not be sold abroad without some kind of subsidy.

CUTTACK, Oct. 11, (U. P. I.): The need for physical fitness of every individual in the country was stressed by Dr. Kailash Nath Katju, Governor of Orissa, inaugurating the Physical Culture Show at Kalinga Gymnasium which was organised in connection with the Gandhi Jayanti celebrations. Mr. Nityananda Kanungo, Law Minister, presided.

The danger of contracting a cold always lurks in large crowds of people.

At the first sign of a cold, use Mistol without delay.

A few drops of Mistol in each nostril bring blessed relief. Soothing Mistol clears up the inflammation and removes the congestion, thus enabling you to breathe freely once more.

Mistol
FOR NASAL HYGIENE

SPORTS JOTTINGS
From Here And There

By J. C. MAITRA

INDIAN CRICKETERS FOR AUSTRALIA. BATTING WEAKENED. AN IMPERATIVE NECESSITY. CRYING OVER SPILT MILK. BOWLING STOCK IMPROVED. WARNING TO AMARNATH. FOOTBALL RE-STARTED. ROVER ABANDONED DESPITE PUBLIC DEMAND.

The Indian Cricket team has departed for Australia at last. But four of the players originally selected—namely, Vijay Merchant, Mushtaq Ali, Russi Modi, and Fazal Mahmood, were unable to go. Needless to mention these defections have weakened our batting considerably. As I have stated before, Vijay Merchant was the backbone of our batting. In him, the team has lost the pillar on which its very foundation and super-structure rested. During the last England tour, it was he who saved the Indian team on many an occasion. Now there is nobody to replace him. With Modi cry-off at the eleventh hour, the position has become still worse.

BATTING WEAKENED

Sarwate, Ranvirsinhji, Rai Singh and Rangachari have been selected to fill the vacancies. Needless to mention that the inclusion of these players does not improve our batting strength in any way. In fact our difficulty about an opening pair—and even a No. 3 batsmen—is all the greater today. Nobody can be allowed to sit in the pavilion at the time of fielding—even though he may have scored a double century or a century for his side. That's not cricket. Imagine Ibrahim doing it for six long days—should it ever go to that length!

CARRYING OVER SPILT MILK

We can only hope that our batsmen would get used to the Australian conditions quickly as they are very similar to our own. Nothing like the English weather and the English wickets will trouble them. Of course, they will face more dangerous bowlers, both fast and spin, and it will require all their talents and grit to meet them bravely. It is no use now saying that the substitutes chosen are not good enough. They have been selected at the eleventh hour and in a hurry—and that too during the off-season when it is not possible to find out the true form of the players. Nevertheless we are at a loss to understand why the Patiala man has been selected at all. What he has done in the past to merit a place I don't know.

BOWLING STOCK IMPROVED

I must, however, record my satisfaction at the inclusion of Sarwate and Rangachari. They will certainly strengthen the attack. Now we shall have one more stock-bowler than we had before. In view of the tremendous batting potential of the Kangaroos Sarwate's inclusion, as I have repeatedly stated in my articles, was imperative. I hope that Rangachari will acquit himself more creditably than he has done here. Everything will, however, depend on the fieldsmen. Unless they are quick and smart enough, the bowlers will be able to do little. I shudder to imagine what will happen if they drop catches in the manner they do at home.

WARNING TO AMARNATH

There is only one thing against which Amarnath must guard himself. As a bowler, he may over work himself and let the others cool their heels. On the other hand, it is also possible that he may throw the responsibility on the others and contribute less than his own quota. That's the difficulty with a bowler-captain. But with a good stock at his disposal, he should not worry. At the same time, he must make use of all the talents including his own. Therein lies the key to our success. I do not mean that our team will be able to twist the tails of the redoubtable Kangaroos and bring the laurels home. But I do hope that they will try their best as a solid combination and uphold the prestige of their motherland on and off the field.

FOOTBALL RESTARTED

After all the efforts made to restart the Rovers Cup, the tournament has been irrevocably dropped. The reasons advanced for this negative step is far from convincing. It is believed in all quarters that the competition could have been easily finished if the W.I F.A. Committee had a mind to do so. But for reasons best known to themselves they throttled it without any compunction.

Originally they had decided to close the season altogether as they were afraid that its continuation might lead to further trouble. But public opinion persuaded the Committee to alter their decision. So they staged the Western India Championships. Although seven only out of the twelve teams invited took part in it, the competition roused tremendous enthusiasm among the public — so much so that the gates were closed during the final match. Evidently it was feared that the crowd inside might become uncontrollable!

ROVERS ABANDONED DESPITE PUBLIC DEMAND

Any way the match was played off peacefully, although the rivals, Trades and Lancashire Fusiliers fought on even terms till the last three minutes of the contest. When a draw seemed imminent, the Indian side scored two goals to lay the issue at rest. It was a grand game and the Victory was well deserved. But one would have liked the last engagement between a British Services team and an Indian combination on the Indian Soil played again.

The final abandonment of the Rovers Cup has however caused deep disappointment among the public. With the re-opening of the season, they had every hope that the Rovers would be played through. The delightful fare provided by Mohan Bagan would be served up again. But the rulers ordained otherwise. Now the question is whether the WIFA is meant for running tournaments or closing them at will?

"WAR TALKS" IN AMMAN

BEIRUT, Oct. 10, (Reuter): King Abdullah of Transjordan was in "complete unanimity" with the Arab League's decisions to send "military, moral and economic" aid to Palestine Arabs in the event of a British withdrawal, Azzam Pasha, Secretary General of the Arab League, said here to day.

The League's "war talks" will move on from the Labanon to Amman, King Abdullah's Capital, on October 13, when the seven Delegation Chiefs—representing Egypt, Iraq Transjordan, Syria, the Lebanon, Saudi Arabia and the Yemen —will meet the King to work out additional measures for Arab aid to Palestine

NO PROVISIONAL GOVT. YET.

Azzam Pasha denied a report from Beirut that the Arab League had already set up a Provisional Arab Government for Palestine.

Azzam Pasha, who returned tonight from Amman where he flew this morning, said the question of the economic measures to be taken in connection with Palestine had been temporarily sheived

QUESTION OF LIBYA.

Tonight's meeting of the Council of Seven in Hotel "Tanios", in the mountain village of Aley above Beirut, will discuss among other topics Libya, which in general principle the Arab League maintains should be placed under Arab trusteeship. They will also discuss additional "security measures" in connection with Palestine.

A number of decisions would probably be secret. Azzam Pasha indicated.

BRITISH MINERS TO WORK LONGER HOURS

LONDON, Oct. 10 (Reuter): Some 200 British miners' leaders meeting here to-day unanimously agreed to work longer hours to help boost falling coal production, but decided also to submit demands for an increase in basic wages of one sterling weekly.

Proposals submitted by the National Coal Board, Controller of Britain's nationalised mines, for working daily overtime or an extra Saturday shift in response to the Government's call for half an hour's extra work a day were agreed upon.

This would win an extra 250,000 tons of vitally needed coal weekly.

The new hours will start from the first week-end in November.

IS IT TRUE?

That the Cooperage-rulers believe that the best way to promote football in Bombay is to stop all tournaments at the old Venue?

That, although they consented to revive the Western India Championships under severe pressure from all quarters, they could not reconcile themselves to the recommencement of the Rovers Cup?

That they are well satisfied with the collection of a few thousands from the Championship? A bigger windfall from the Rovers would have caused them a headache?

That Bori Bunder could not believe its eyes when a huge crowd turned out at the Cooperage to witness the Trades—Lancashire match because it was sure that football was dead as dodo in Bombay?

That it may close down its sports columns altogether if the public let the Old Lady and her Screeching Babe down again in a similar fashion?

That some of the Trades stars did not participate in the practice match on Tuesday because they were in mourning owing to the cancellation of the Rovers?

That the Cooperage-boses are thinking of taking drastic action against them — by withdrawing from the National Championship?

That in the alternative they may replace them by Servicemen and let the absentees cool their heels at home?

That Vijay Merchant and Russi Modi are trying to prove that long-drawn-out Cricket Matches do not suit Indian constitution?

That the maladies they have earned from Cricket are now defying the treatments by all specialists? They cannot even trace the root of the ailment?

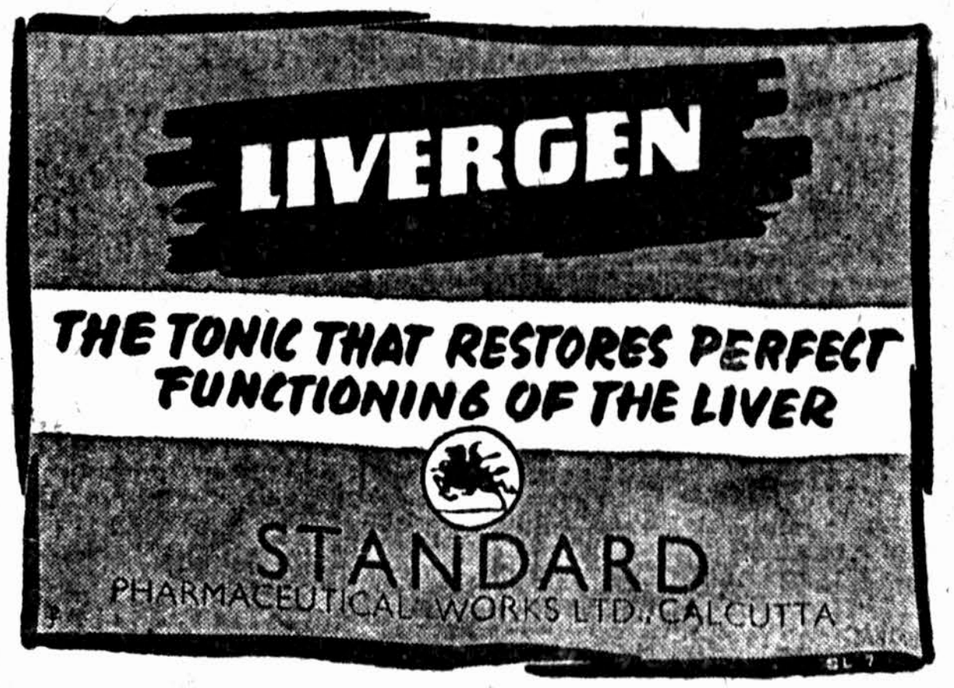
That Tony de Mello has sent his favourites to Australia after all—despite the threats and blandishments from the Colaba way?

That Tony is now likely to be exposed inside out and thrown out off his pedestal—just to make room for his arch-critic, if only Pankaj and Co., would permit the replacement?

That Jack Kramer, the Tennis Champion of the world, has been offered dol. 45,000 — over a lakh and a half in rupees — to turn professional and take part in exhibition games in America and elsewhere?

That Ted Schroeder, his understudy has the chance of pocketing half that figure, if only he would forsake his amateur-status and brighten the professional world?

That the Indian stars are praying for the day when professionalism will dawn on our sporting horizon and fill their empty pockets with much-needed coins?



Let us talk it over —

If the philosophy of one individual kept us women in long subjection, one bold action of another brought our regeneration, overnight as it were!

The former could not but have been a severe-looking, unapproachable ascetic, while the latter is a kindly and most humane of human beings. One must have lived in total isolation from his fellow creatures but the other is nothing if not the centre of numerous family and social ties. It seems therefore only natural that the attitude of the former towards life was of learned arrogance and cynicism giving a lop-sided view of life where woman could lay no claims to freedom.

He was none else than the ancient sage, Manu, who seems to have missed his profession of high contemplation and became our first law-maker! The other is of course Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi who actually gave up practicing law in search of Truth and its ultimate triumph. To such as him, inequality between man and man and the false superiority of man over woman was most repugnant as it meant the denial of Truth.

The novel weapon Gandhiji used in fighting for the right cause was something unthought of in this world torn by bloody wars. At first people doubted the efficacy of this new weapon of Satyagraha which derives its immeasurable strength from the principle of non-violence. It was not the weapon of the cowards as it was thought by some, but one that could be used even by those who are weak in body. It tested not man's power to do harm to his opponent but his own power of endurance.

For this very reason it came as a unique gift to India's women who were considered the weakest amongst the weak. So, when the country's struggle for freedom was launched under the leadership of this inventor of the peerless weapon, our women's part in it amazed the world at large. The leader himself paid them the highest tribute by saying that 'The part that women played in this struggle should be written in letters of gold". It would be wrong to suppose, however, that this was the only glorious achievement which women scored with the aid of the new technique. It changed the face of society. What social reformers were trying to achieve for decades was gained within the shortest imaginable period. Nay,, it did much more than that. It gave her a new confidence and dignity which no amount of statutory rights could have gained for her. That she is adorning today positions of high status and great responsibility is not by way of anybody's favour. She is there in her own right.

But then, is that all the gain we can derive from the teachings of Gandhiji? Women in particular should do well to ask this of themselves at this hour. We are just on the morrow of the Gandhi Jayanti celebrations held for the first time in a free India.

For nine continuous days we had lectures, flag salutations, Khadi-prachar and mass spinning. In fact we have been doing all this in the past. Should not this occasion have a deeper significance in a free India? This is a crucial hour for India whose very freedom is threatened by the law of the jungle. Women have been its worst victims and yet it is for them to denounce the methods that are being used by people punishing the evil-doers. That the use of force leads to greater force is proved beyond doubt by the race between the V-2 bombs and atom-bombs. However, the talk of retaliation which is being heard on many sides results only in killing the innocent children and heaping unspeakable sorrows and indignities upon women. Whether the women belong to any other race or religion can never be a consideration for a woman when it comes to saving the honour of womanhood.

It is therefore the sacred duty of India's women to bring this realization amongst their brethren that brute force will not lead them out of the horrible situation. Even if she is able to influence her menfolk in the slightest manner, she will be doing a lot to save the nation's dearly-won freedom. For, women cannot overlook the fact that their own freedom and honour are intricately bound up with conditions of peace and justice in human society.

There were days when kings and countries waged wars for the sake of woman. Will there be a day when war is finally banished by the efforts of women?

—Leela.

Museum Of Women's Rights

Relics Of The Suffragette Move ment On Show

Pre-historic cave-woman: "Why can't I go out and see the world?"

Prehistoric cave-man: "Out of the question. The woman belongs in the cave!"

This dialogue appears under a caricature on a post-card hanging on the wall of a room on the third floor of the London house which accommodates the British Women Teachers' Union. A friendly old woman, acting as curator, offered to show me the exhibits displayed, for the apartment has been aranged as a museum and men visitors are apt to feel somewhat uncomfortable.

The exhibits there belong to the history of the fight waged by British women before World War I for their political rights, and equality with men. This fight was carried on with an intensity and recklessness, surprising in these quiet, courteous women.

But the fight ended with a victory for the women—not only for British women but for those of many other countries, and it brought them full political equality. In the museum we find ourselves face to face with the dark days of the past. A coloured plate from the year 1819 depicts the beginning of the history of women's emancipation: a stormy meeting of people at Manchester demanding election reforms, was broken up by soldiers: beside the men on the speaker's platform stands a woman. But it was not until 1865 that British women to organise themselves in an effort to win the vote by constitutional methods.

Hunger Strike

Forty years later the late Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, a pioneer of the movement for "Women's rights", was having tea with her daughters, Sylvia and Christabel, and some friends. "How long", asked Mrs. Pankhurst "have we actually been trying to win our vote?" "Forty years", was the reply, "and without success.' "Then", said Mrs. Pankhurst, "we shall have to adopt other methods."

On that day the "militant suffragette" was born. From that time onwards until the outbreak of World War 1 hardly a newspaper appeared without some mention of the suffragettes' latest deeds. They held public meetings, broke up meetings held by other parties, were arrested, put into prison and went on hunger strikes. They had to be forcibly fed in prison.

A photograph, probably used by the suffragettes for propaganda purposes. shows how this was done; six wardresses held the victim whose mouth was gagged to keep it open; if this method was unsuccessful, food was pumped through a tube inserted in the nostrils. A young girl of aristocratic family, when being presented at Court, used the opportunity to go down on her knees before the King and cry: "Your Majesty, forbid the forcible feeding in the prisons." A Bill was introduced in Britain's Parliament in this connection and was promptly christened by the suffragettes "The Cat and Mouse Bill."

By Egon Larsen

The hunger strikers could be met at the prison gates by their relatives but were brought back as soon as they had recovered sufficiently to finish their prison sentence! It was not surprising that hardly a single window pane in Holloway Prison was spared from the suffragettes' fists.

Souvenir Bread

"Let them starve" says one newspaper placard in the museum. Next to this there hang the stirring photographs of the hunger strikers, unconscious from weakness, going out to their short-lived period of freedom. On one showcase there is a tin plate with a piece of grey-black bread on it. The bread is 40 years old and is a sample of the bread given to the women in prison. Another aristocrat suffragette—many of them came of high-born families—was so upset at the preferential treatment shown her in prison that she clothed herself as a working woman. On her next visit to prison the treatment meted out to her was such that she never recovered.

One suffragette gave her life by throwing herself in front of the King's horse at the 1913 Derby and was trampled to death. A photograph shows the horse, jockey and suffragette lying in a heap on the course; a piece of her mauve-green-white scarf (the suffragettes' colours) is glued to the picture.

The police did not always handle the women very gently as several of the photographs show. But they often protected them from their enraged political opponents, who attacked the suffragettes with sticks and, as once happened in a mining town in the North of England, rolled them downhill in barrels.

End Of Fight

A rubber truncheon and whip are also displayed. They belonged to suffragettes who hid them in their then modern wide sleeves to protect themselves against possible enemies. At the side of these there lies an iron chain with a thick padlock with which the suffragettes chained themselves to the railings in front of the House of Commons to enable them to keep on talking until the police found a locksmith to file them free, which took at least half-an-hour.

Hard rubber balls were also displayed with labels on them reading: "Votes for Women." These were thrown through windows where opponents were holding meetings. A catapult, a small hammer which could be easily hidden in their sleeves, apparently served a similar purpose.

The fight became more and more bitter. Finally the suffragettes began to burn buildings, including an old Norman church. Then World War1 broke out. Immediately the suffragettes' fight ceased. They placed themselves wholeheartedly in Britain's service and the nation acknowledged the women's war achievements. In 1918 the vote was given to women over 30, and in 1928, to women at the age of 21.

The suffragettes had won their victory.

HAVE SALADS WHICH ARE DIFFERENT

By: G. L.

We tend rather to get into the habit of having salads made from fresh things only, thus limiting them to lettuce, tomatoes and the like. But there are lots of salads which can be made from cooked vegetables and are almost as appetising as the raw sorts; certainly they are safer to eat at certain times of the year, such as the rains, and they always form a welcome come variation in a meal.

You want something different? Then try a salad of cold French beans; if they have been left from overnight, it does not matter, for it is a good way to use them up. Cut them into bits an inch long., shake them well in a sauce made of good olive oil and lemon juice. Add a sprinkling of cayenne pepper and salt them to taste, and they are ready. Try them with cold mutton and boiled potatoes.

Then what about a brinjal salad. Brinjals are cheap and plentiful for the greater part of the year, and it is a pity to use them only in two or three unoriginal ways. Bake your brinjals. Scrape out the inside and mix it with the following:

Two green chillies, sliced finely.
One large onion, well minced.
One inch of ginger, scraped to thin shavings.
One small cup of cocoanut milk and some lemon juice.

Mix the brinjal pulp with the onion and then with the other ingredients, leaving the cocoanut milk and lime-juice to the last. Add salt to taste and pile the salad into a bowl, decorating it with a little red, either of chillies or tomato

Prawns And Beans

Prawns and Portuguese beans are a good mixture for a special salad which is eaten as a separate dish and not as an accompaniment to a meat course. Take a cupful of small prawns, which have been boiled and shelled, and the same quantity of beans. You also need a tablespoon of grated fresh cocoanut, two minced green chillies, half an inch of green ginger, and an onion minced very finely.

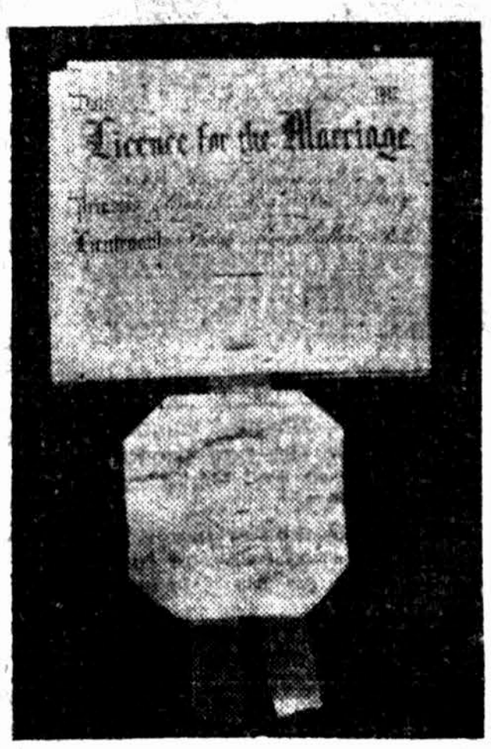
After washing the beans, trim them and slice so that you get the contrast of pink seeds and green flesh, which gives a tempting air to the dish. Now boil in water with a little salt. As soon as the beans are soft and ready to eat, drain away all the water. Place them in a salad dish and mix them with the boiled prawns, onion, chillies, cocoanut and ginger. Add to the mixture a little lemon juice which must be stirred in thoroughly, and of course sprinkle with salt. This salad looks elegant and tastes good.

Bombay Ducks

Bombay ducks make a tasty and piquant salad, very suitable with curry. Take six dry fish, clean them and roast them well. Split them down the centre and remove what you can of the bones before breaking them into much smaller pieces. You need two onions, a little fresh ginger, and a couple of green chillies for this salad too.

As soon as you have prepared and broken up the fish, add to it the ginger sliced, the onions cut into rings, and the chillies minced. Take a tablespoon of the best quality vinegar and pour it over the mixture, leaving it to soak for a while. Then turn the fish about and place your salad in a suitable dish, decorating it with thin rings of white onion and slices of green chilli.

Royal Wedding Licence



The Royal Special License for the wedding on November 20th of Princess Elizabeth and Lieut. Philip Mountbatten, photographed in London. It is a piece of vellum 26½ inches by 22 and the lettering was done by Mr. Henry L. Fisher, of Kensal Rise, London, who has been at his craft 22 years. The licence if signed by H.T.A. Dashwood, the registrar, and dated September 22nd, 1947.

REVOLUTIONARY CHINA

"REVOLUTION AND COUNTER-REVOLUTION IN CHINA" By M. N. Roy (Published by Renaissance Publishers, Calcutta; Pages 689; Price Rs. 15/-).

This book is the author's own Engligh translation of his German work published originally in 1930 It now contains two new chapters and an Epilogue which bring it up-to-date and one of which draws many a lesson from China's history. Though it deals mainly with recent times it begins with a critical analysis of China's ancient history so as to lay bare some of the fundamental features of Chinese civilization which explain the peculiarities of China's later history Indeed, throughout the book stress is laid on the causes and effects of important social and political phenomena, particularly revolutionary and counter-revolutionary movements in China. It attempts to explain the principles of revolutionary movements in the colonial countries in the light of the lessons learnt from China. Such a book by one who is not merely an academician but has actively participated in the revolutionary movements in India, Russia, China, Dutch Indies, Philippines and Mexico cannot fail to be of absorbing interest to the reader Altogether, the book deserves to be studied by every serious student of modern world history

R. S. P

Saga Of The Pathans

"FRONTIER SPEAKS", by Mohammad Yunus. Hind Kitabs. Bombay. Rs. 4/8

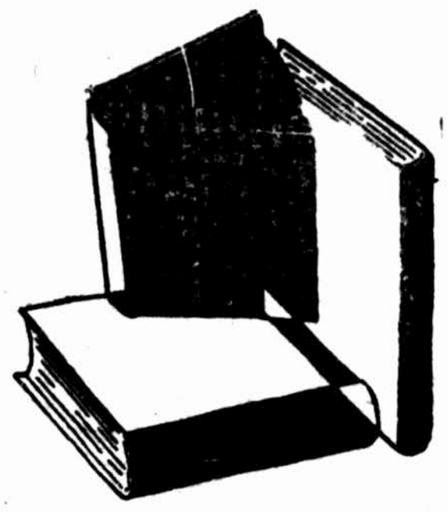
An iron curtain has fallen down upon the N. W. Frontier and especially on the brave Red Shirts and their great leader. Indians have however, not lost their interest in their Pathan Comrades and they continue to watch their fortunes with sympathy and hope. Hind Kitabs have therefore done a distinct service by bringing out a second revised edition of FRONTIER SPEAKS by Mohammad Yunus. The book was first published in 1942 with a Foreword by Pandit Nehru and a Preface by Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan. Subsequently, I believe, the book was banned and the second edition thus appears at a crucial time in our history.

FRONTIER SPEAKS is a history of the North-West Frontier Province from the earliest times to 1946, covering the non-violent battles waged by the war-like Pathans for the achievement of independence. This voice that speaks for the tribesmen rings with an authenticity that few may question. Mohammad Yunus belongs to one of the illustrious Pathan families and early in life he came under the direct influence of Badshah Khan. He has participated in the freedom struggle and has an intimate acquaintance with the Khudai Khidmatgar movement. The author is eminently fitted to interpret the soul of the rugged inhabitants of that 'mysterious' borderland—which remains no mystery at all after a perusal of this book. Particularly interesting and instructive are the chapters dealing with the Frontier Gandhi and the Khan Government.

Mohammad Yunus's vision of a free Pathanland linked with a free and united India may have suffered a temporary eclipse. The Khudai Khidmatgars, too, seem to be destined to undergo another fiery ordeal. But reading the stirring pages of this book one glimpses the irrepressible ardour of a freedom-loving people and senses an urge that cannot long be thwarted. A free Pathanistan may well become a reality soon—in spite of the seemingly insuperable obstacles that surround it.

Yunus's book has something of the open-heartedness and zest of the Pathan. And not the least attractions of this book are Nehru's Foreword and Badshah Khan's Preface. They are a treat in themselves for the price.

H. P.



United India In Australia

UNITED INDIA IN AUSTRALIA—By Homi J. H. Talyarkhan, Thackers Rs. 1|12.

The above brochure, compelled by Homi Talyarkhan, Public Relations Officer of the Board of Control for Cricket in India, contains sketches of the cricketing careers of the seventeen players who would shortly proceed to Australia on a tour of that country. As it was pointed before Vijay Merchant cried off, his name still figures in the list. The booklet is very well written and gives the reader a clear idea about the attainments and achievements of each player. The cartoons by L. Bhatia have added to its attraction. An excellent reference book.

J. C. M.

"See my new bike, Sarlaben Aunty"! proudly exclaimed my young friend Vinu. "It's all mine now, every spoke"!

Shantaben, his mother, and I were sitting on her front porch when Vinu came home from school. Shanta's children always call me Aunty though I am only a make-believe relative

"Your new cycle is a beauty, Vinu", I replied. "You are making good use of it on your new paper route, aren't you?"

"Yes, that's why I had to get it. My old one was worn out, and I needed a good one to carry my papers. Jyotin helped me buy it, and now I have paid him back"

"Does that mean that you have paid Jyotin all that you owed him, Vinu?" Shanta asked her son.

"Yes, Mother" the boy replied. "I paid part of the money back to Jyotin last month. Yesterday I had Rs. 15-8 left after I had made this month's collection and paid for my papers. I gave Jyotin Rs. 15 and he gave me a receipt that says, 'Paid in full.'"

Shanta smiled as Vinu pulled a carefully folded paper out of his shirt pocket and spread it out for her inspection. "You might have kept a little more money for yourself and finished paying Jyotin next month", she suggested.

"I thought about that before I paid Jyotin, Mother." Vinu answered, "but I wanted my bike to belong to me. I have 7 annas left. That will have to last me till next month."

"All right, Vinu," his mother agreed. "It's a wonderful feeling to be free from debt! Thirty days will pass quickly and what you earn next month will be all your own"

"I want to try to earn more money next month, Mother," Vinu confined. "There are some new people on my route. I'm going to give them sample copies of the PUSHPA this evening"

SHOBHA

"That's fine"! Shanta commended her son. "I hope the new people will like your paper so well that they will become subscribers.

As soon as his mother had finished speaking, Vinu sped away on his new bicycle to call on his prospective customers.

"Vinu did not have enough money to buy a new bicycle when he started on the paper route, Sarlaben", Shanta explained to me. "Jyotin was going to give Vinu the money he needed but their father and I insisted on his making a loan instead of an outright gift."

"Jyotin has new work himself this year hasn't he?" I asked.

"Yes, Jyotin is working at the School and on Sundays at the Balkan-ji-Bari. It would have been easy for him to help his little brother, but we do not want Vinu to grow up with the habit of expecting a big brother to be ready to give him money whenever he needs or wants it. We are trying to develop in each of our children the habit of financial independence.

"One can readily see how much that independence means to Vinu," I assured my friend. "He would not have been half so pleased to show me his new bicycle if he had not paid for it himself. But you do not forbid, your children to make gifts to each other, do you?"

"Oh, no, Shanta replied, "we would not take from them the joy of giving. They spend many happy hours planning gifts for each other, but that is different from stepping in and supplying money whenever needed. We want our children to have a sensible attitude toward money."

"Financial independence" — "a sensible attitude toward money"—those phrases came back to me as I was walking home that evening. Many mistakes in adult life could be prevented if every child were given an opportunity to develop financial independence, indeed!

* * *

There was a very rich merchant in a certain town. He had become rich through his cleverness.

One day a thief came to his house. He hid on the terrace. The merchant saw the thief's shadow, and by that knew that a thief was hiding there, and he thought out a plan. He went into his house and started howling as if a scorpion had bitten him. His wife at once went and called their neighbour Raman who knew how to charm away poisons.

Raman came and muttered a charm on the merchant's hand. After a time he asked him if the effect of the poison had gone. The merchant replied that the poison had gone but that the big man on the terrace had not yet come down. By this Raman knew that there was a thief on the terrace. He informed the police, and they arrested the thief. Thus the merchant's plan succeeded.

* * *

The development of the sense of taste is a matter of practice. Strong essences and spices that are used for food have dulled our senses of taste to such a pitch that we are no longer in a position to recognise the less strong flavours with our tongue.

A good game will be to have ready a number of edible materials finely powdered and kept in a number of pill boxes. Children are then blindfolded and made to sit in a row, and very small quantities from the back of the handle end of a tea-spoon are placed on the protruding tongue of the boy or girl who is to identify the material by tasting the stuff.

Powdered alum, salt, sugar, quinine, daniya and such other ingredients might be used. Care must be taken that no materials of a poisonous nature get mixed up with these powders. When the practice is extended for a number of days light solutions of these materials could be used and put on the tongues by a small dropper.

* * *

If you want to shine as a master of mathematics, try this stunt:

Ask some one to write down a number consisting of 3 different digits and then to reverse them. Without your seeing the numbers let him subtract the smaller from the larger and tell you the last digit of the answer. Without a moment's hesitation you tell him the result.

KUMAR

You know that the middle digit is always 9 and that the first and last digits added together always make 9.

Write down 3 digits	654
Reverse	456
When subtracted	198
Answer	198

He tells you that the last figure is 8. You subtract 8 from 9 leaving 1. The middle figure is always 9.

* * *

The rate of beating of the heart is controlled partly by nerves embedded in its own muscle, and partly by nerves which bring messages from outside. Some of the outside messages tend to make it beat more quickly, while others have the opposite effect.

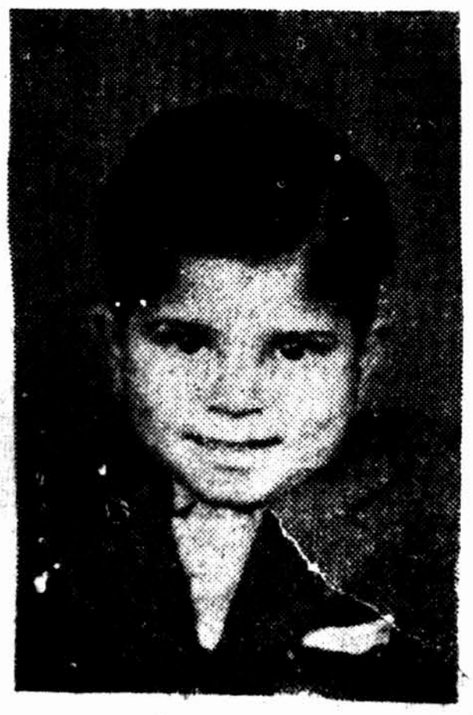
These more or less balance each other and the heart beats as required *Active exercise usually makes the heart beat more quickly, and in that case a more abundant supply of blood* goes to repair the active muscles.

* * *

You have not yet joined the great Brotherhood of the Balkan-ji-Bari—Akhil Hind Balak Sangh? And why have you delayed?

All Good Wishes from
Your loving,
Dada

"Gulistan"
Khar - Bombay 52



ISHWAR

INFANTILE PARALYSIS CAN BE CURED

Enterprise Of A Lady Doctor In Bombay

By J. Mackwan

How many hundreds of children are suffering from Infantile Paralysis it is difficult to say. But one thing is certain that it is a disease for which there is no certain remedy. Medical science is still groping in the dark in regard to its causes and the only thing to bring relief to the unfortunate victims is physiotheraphy. In this article the writer describes the effort made to start an infantile paralysis clinic in Bombay.

About three years ago a three-year old daughter of a well-known family in Bombay was stricken with infantile paralysis or poliomyelitis as they call it in medical terms and this gave the parents considerable anxiety. The child was taken practically to all the important parts of India by the mother, for treatment and no money or efforts were spared for the recovery.

The child was taken to Poona Military Hospital, and to Madras where some kind of treatment was available. The treatment did some good but the mother of the child felt for other children's fate who might have been similarly affected by infantile paralysis. She therefore consulted Dr. Mrs. Goolbanoo Hasham Premji whose whole family viz: sister, brother and father are in medical profession. Dr. Mrs. Hasham Premji consented to open a clinic for the crippled and disabled children affected by infantile paralysis on a nominal charge but two great problems confronted them

The first problem was of the premises for the clinic and the second of money, because they wanted to serve the little children out of love for humanity and to charge the parents only nominal fees of four annas to Re. one only. Both the ladies being enterprising and active, they solved both the problems among themselves. Dr. Mrs. Goolbanoo Hasham Premji contributed herself Rs. 5,000 and Dr. A. V. Baliga, a prominent surgeon gave his consulting room till the end of December as he was going to Europe for a few months. Some more donations came soon including a cheque of Rs. 5,000 from H. H. the Maharani Saheba of Gwalior and on the 10th July, 1947 the clinic in Patel Mansion at Sandhurst Road was started. Half a dozen well-known medical men and half a dozen ladies also volunteered their services free of charge for this clinic and within the last two months about 40 children of all communities have taken advantage of this clinic.

Increasing Incidence

It should be remembered that as in Europe so in India, the incidence of infantile paralysis is increasing. To bring the maximum benefit to the paralysed child various measures have to be adopted. Of these, massage, muscle training and exercises form the most important. These are very costly and very much beyond the means of the average patient, it undertaken outside an institution. Adequate treatment can only be imparted in a fully equipped Physiotherapy and Rehabilitation Centre. Dr. Mrs. Goolbanoo's scheme has the support and co-operation of well-known medicos such as Dr. Geo. Coelho, Dr. R. V. Sanzgiri, Dr. A. V Baliga, Dr. Abdul Hameed and Dr. Ketkar.

Some readers would like to know what this infantile paralysis or poliomyelitis is and what are the symptoms. For their information I will quote a concrete case of Franklin Roosevelt, late President of the U. S. America, who was stricken with this fell disease at the age of 39. It will show the actual symptoms of paralysis and its results. It should be also noted that though this disease is called by its popular name Infantile Paralysis it is not confined to infants only and adults are not immune from it as the story of Franklin Roosevelt will presently show.

An expert Physiotheraphist gives massage to "Poli" child.

The Story Of Roosevelt

It was on August 10, 1921 that tragedy struck Franklin Delano Roosevelt. As yet he was still long way away from the White House where he was destined to leave his indelible traces in history. But already his career had been full of promise.

But just as he was getting into the full limelight of political arena, catastrophe overtook him and threatened not only his whole career but his very life.

On that fateful day on August 10, Franklin Roosevelt had taken his family out in a small sloop which he had bought to teach his sons to sail. He was a devoted sportsman, he loved sailing and swimming, and for swimming on this occasion as on many previous ones, he was not afraid of the icy waters. But on this day, misfortune attended the happy atmosphere.

Franklin Roosevelt rose next morning feeling terribly ill. His hand was hot, and his back and legs ached deep in the bone. Languidly he got up and went to his bath room. It was surprising how weak he felt. As he started back for bed, one leg gave way quite suddenly and he fell on the floor. He called his wife, who helped him to get up and stagger back to bed. Then she went for Dr. Bennett, the family physician

Dr. Bennett looked very anxious

Hand muscles are given exercise

after examining Roosevelt. It could be a chill accompanied by a partial collapse, he said. It might be an acute form of rheumatism. But the spinal cord seemed to be affected. That was grave indeed, suggesting the possibility of meningitis. There was even an outside chance that it was poliomyelitis.

"Infantile?' asked Franklin incredulously. "Could I get a baby disease like that?" "It's possible" said Dr. Bennett, "though extremely unlikely. I should like to have a consultation."

The Bad Luck

Yes, it was poliomyelitis and it was fantastically a bad luck for a man of 39. The doctors had only to wait and see. Dr. Bennett recommended massage and careful nursing. There was no nurse on the island but Eleanor was good at it by now. She slept on a couch, in her husband's room and was never beyond the reach of his voice.

The days passed like worms swelling. Franklin was getting worse, no matter how hard he tried to kid himself that he was improving. His legs were utterly useless now and paralysis crept upwards. His neck became stiff, and his arms showed loss of control. Always there was pain, deep in his back and legs like a toothache through the whole body and his muscles were like raw exposed nerves so that the slightest touch was anguish.

Though he seemed to be quite literally dying by inches, Franklin did not lose his nerve. He refused to allow any one to send word to his mother who was in Europe, but he let Eleanor telephone his uncle Frederic Delano.

"Get Lovett", said uncle Fred over the phone. "He is the best man in

Excercise for legs

the country. Robert S. Lovett. He's in Newport.'

Dr. Lovett was in fact, the leading polio specialist of the world. He gave up his vacation to come to Campobello where Roosevelt was lying seriously ill. As he made his examination, his face was grim. Franklin anxiously watching knew the verdict even before it was pronounced.

"Let's have it," he said.

"It's undoubtedly polio". Dr. Lovett pronounced.

Franklin had braced himself for the shock and even managed to smile. "I'm glad the children seem to have escaped' he said. What are my chances?'.

"You probably won't die", the doctor answered, "though it's a miracle your lungs are not affected. But it is impossible to say, if you will get well."

"You can't tell me a child's disease can lick a grown up man' Franklin said. "I will bet this thing

After a few days Franklin was carried in a stretcher to his home town by a boat and rail He was examined at the Presbyterian Hospital by two doctors, viz: Drs. Lovett and Draper. They did not quibble about the completeness of the paralysis, the damage to nerves and muscles of both legs and hips. But they did not tell him everything. Draper feared that the great muscles of the back were also gone, that Franklin might never be able even to sit up.

Franklin stayed in the hospital for six weeks and then went home as he did not like to remain in the hospital long as an invalid At home he installed broad canvas belts on his bed by whose assistance he used to raise himself up. He then learned to manage a wheel chair and gradually regained his full health. His enormous vitality bottled up by his inability to get around, overflowed into mental activity, while the physical power of his constitution showed itself in the tremendous development of his chest and arms. his chest expansion became greater than Jack Dempsey. Of course, this was due to his great faith and understanding of spiritual laws which every invalid affected by this fell disease does not possess.

While hundreds and thousands of men, women and children may be suffering from Infant Paralysis in this country without any tangible medical aid, it will be interesting to note what the Government and the public in America and Canada are doing for those afflicted by Infantile Paralysis.

What America Is Doing

The New York's Bellevue Hospital and New York University propose to build shortly a Rehabilitation Centre at a cost of Rs. one crore. Similar plans in other cities indicate that rehabilitation will shortly assume full stature as a third phase of medicine, closely following the traditional prevention and treatment.

The American Academy of Pediatrics under the supervision of a Committee headed by Dr. Warren Sisson of Boston is making a national survey of child health services, covering every city, town and village. The expense of this study will cost Rs. 40 lakhs which will be borne by various medical groups, including the National Foundation for Infantile Paralysis, Pharmaceutical companies and by the Government.

Most ambitious of the new hospital programme for young patients is that for Children's Hospital for Boston. Aided by a public subscription of Rs. 4 Crores this seventy-eight year old institution (Children's Hospital of Boston) hopes to become a highly integrated children's medical centre. Its present capacity of 325 beds will be expanded to 650 and its affiliations which now include the Harvard Medical School and several hospitals will be broadened to take in other medical schools, hospitals and physicians throughout New England.

The Toronto Hospital for Sick Children is spending Rs. 4 Crores for a new building which will aim for at least 600 beds.

There is no way to fight the virus of the Infantile Paralysis except by strict isolation but there is a way to save the children. Chances of recovery from infantile paralysis depend upon the specialized knowledge, skill and equipment. These can be had by money and public support. Looking to the support of lakhs and crores of rupees in foreign countries we shall have to hang our heads in shame that we are not doing even one-hundredth of what others are doing for their country.

The clinic for the children started by Dr Mrs. Hashum Premji and Mrs. Ismael is a first of its kind in Bombay and in India and requires public support to build its own building and have a large staff to tend the paralytic children. But what about the money? It is the intention of Dr. Mrs. Premji not only to have a large hospital in Bombay but to open a number of centres all over India for the crippled children. It requires support of well-to-do citizens, and particularly those who wish to perpetuate memory of their near and dear ones would find a good opportunity to support this cause. So far only Rs. 30,000 have been collected but what a difference between Crores in America and only a few thousand in India!

THE IMPORTANCE OF FINDING EGBERT!

(Continued From Page 6)

their cave. After many thousands of years they were out of a home, for the dirt and rubbish they had never swept out had grown so deep that almost no cave was left.

In the first few hundreds of years, the hunters who left the cave were able to drag back rhinoceros meat for their families. Later men dragged in the carcasses of other animals.

They built fires on the floor and roasted the meat. After they had cracked the bones and sucked out the marrow they threw the bones into the corners. In their spare time they squatted on the floor and chipped away at the flint points for their weapons. Ashes, bones, flint chips, broken points and the dust and mud they tracked into the cave slowly raised the floor level.

37 Feet—70,000 Years!

All this the scientists learned when they drove a shaft down 62 feet through this accummulation of the ages. At the top, of course, were the more modern stone implements with the age increasing down the shaft. Archaeologists call recognize the characteristic workmanship of the men who lived in the different ages. That is how Father Doherty and Father Ewing knew when they found Egber 37 feet down that he was a representative of Aurignacian man. The flint points at that level could be identified as the work of men of the Aurignacian period.

Egbert was there for them to find because of a peculiar circumstance. The water seeping through the ground became charged with calcium carbonate that solidified the boulders and soil into a mass as hard as stone, with Egbert's skeleton within it. This stone vault, having saved Egbert for the scientists, now gives them one of their biggest problems.

They are trying to find something that will dissolve away the limestone without dissolving the skeleton, which has a heavy lime content If nothing can be found, the stone will have to be chipped away in tiny pieces.

As they drove their shaft downward, the two priest-archaeologists dug through three layers of calcite and limestone, each with a layer of red clay associated with it. These three layers are in the geological province of Dr. Wright

During the ice ages, when glaciers of massive size moved southward from the Arctic areas across Europe Asia and America, the climate of the world was probably cooler and wetter than it was in the periods between the ice advances. Dr. Wright believes therefore that the red-clay layers in the shaft represent periods in which the ice sheet had extended far into the temperate zones.

This belief may be supported—or possibly overthrown—by a study that will be made of the 1,000,000 pieces of bone taken from the shaft. (The flint pieces removed total 2,000,000 incidentally.) If the bones associated with the clay layers are those of forest animals, while the bones of the periods in between are those of animals of the grasslands, the theory will be upheld for grasslands flourish in dry areas, while forests spring up when the climate becomes moist.

The work is made possible by the financial backing of the Viking Fund of New York. Dr. Wright has been given a grant by the Oriental Institute for his part in the expedition.—NANA

The LAST PAGE

Conducted by CHRONICLER

**"I, too, sing Americ
I am the darker brother.
They send me to eat in the kitchen,
When company comes;
But I laugh.
And eat well,
And grow strong.
Tomorrow
I'll sit at the table
When company comes,
Nobody'll dare
Say to me,
"Eat in the kitchen"
Then.
Besides, they'll see how beautiful I am
And be ashamed—
I, too, am America."**

—LANGSTON HUGHES,
the American Negro poet.

*

When White Is Black!

Harking back, yearningly, to that summer of 1938, when youth had lost neither hope nor illusions, when we were Indians in revolt militantly proclaiming the world our right to be free, and communal massacres had not put terror and shame into our eyes.. ..

A young Indian journalist, travelling across the land of liberty and the almighty dollar, was getting his first lessons in American race relations. Entering a dinner car, looking about for a seat, he found a young boy pleasantly beckoning to him to an empty seat next to him. But the mother who sat opposite stopped him with an audible whisper. "No, not him, he is a nigger." It created a mild sensation, someone enlightened the race-conscious woman that the brown man was not a Negro but a "Hindu" (by which was meant an Indian!), the woman apologised for her mistake and invited the "Hindu" to her table hoping for a chat about the "exotic East", but the "Hindu", loudly and not very politely, declared that he could not suffer the company of a woman obsessed with a race complex, and walked out!

And the young Indian journalist, who had yet to learn much about so many things including the Negro problem, wondered: "Aren't all Negroes pitch black in complexion, like the coloured waiters in the dining car? Then how could that woman mistake lightbrown North Indian complexion for that of a Negro?" He got an answer some days later, in an unexpected manner.

At the World Youth Congress (foolish and optimistic boys and girls from 50 nations, pledging for peace on the eve of Munich!!) he met and made friends with a number of young Negroes--students, writers, poets, political workers. And, among a small group of Negro boys and girls who used to come to attend the conference, he was somewhat pleasantly surprised to find an attractive blonde "White" girl with a rose-and-peaches complexion. Surely, he thought to himself, it must require a great deal of moral courage and radical convictions for so conspicuous a "White" girl publicly to associate with Negroes. Happening to meet her alone one day, he asked her: "Doesn't your family object to your making friends with the Negroes?" To which she replied, "But, I am a Negro myself." And then it came out that any one with even one per cent Negro blood is technically regarded (and discriminated against) as a Negro by "White" Americans, and that these blonde and fair-complexioned Negroes (unlike our own Anglo-Indians and Eurasians) are proud of the Negro strain in their blood, and never make a secret of it!

This lesson in racial self-respect came back to mind after nine years, on reading through Sinclair Lewis' sensational new novel, KINGSBLOOD ROYAL (Random House, 3 dollars) a few copies of which have just reached India. For Lewis' hero is a White Negro who becomes conscious of his coloured ancestry at the age of 31.

*

From Babbit To Kingsblood

It is doubtful if Sinclair Lewis will win another Nobel Prize (or even the humbler Pulitzer Prize) for this novel. Though it is one of the most original, most brilliant things he has ever written, he has not even got favourable reviews in the American press, the same press that once hailed him as the greatest man of American letters. They liked MAIN STREET—after all it attacked only the intellectual barrenness of the typical small town. They raved about BABBIT which exposed the smug complacency, the hypocrisy and vulgarity of the bourgeoise of a typical small American city. For his probings were still gentle, his irony concealed, and what he attacked was a segment of American society, not its entirety. So he became a literary celebrity. They paid fabulous amounts for the screen rights of ARROWSMITH and DODSWORTH and turned these progressive social studies into conventional romantic melodramas out of the Hollywood machine. When he wrote the anti-Fascist IT CAN'T HAPPEN HERE, they gently reproved him for turning a pamphleteer and dismissed the indictment as a fantasy.

But they won't be able to stand the ruthless realism of KINGSBLOOD ROYAL, its uncompromising humanistic stand, the hard-hitting attack on the tenderest spot of American society—the relations between the races. Already the hounds of the kept press, those guardians of the "American way of life", which, presumably, includes an uncivilised and brutal treatment of the Negroes, are violently yelping: Propaganda! PROPAGANDA!! It only shows Lewis has hit the mark and the blow has landed where he had aimed it—right in the solar plexus

*

Negro—Legend And Reality:—

It required the inventive (and impish) genius of a Sinclair Lewis to contrive such an unusual plot. This is not the usual "Pity the Poor and the Oppressed" novel of the sentimental progressives. The central character is no "down-trodden darkie" but a successful upper middle class "White" American businessman, smug and complacent in his suburban home (which he regards as his castle), who has all the narrow notions of his class, and likewise looks down upon any Negroes (like his maid) whom he comes across Then the blow falls. He discovers he has a faint streak of Negro blood. The impact of the knowledge almost stuns him, because he realizes that...

> "To be a Negro was to be Mac the porter, obsequious to white pawnbrokers; to be a leering black stevedore on the docks at Naples, wearing an American uniform but not allowed to have a gun, allowed only to stagger and ache with shouldering enormous boxes...
>
> "To be a Negro was to live in a decaying shanty or, in a frame tenement like a foul egg-crate...
>
> "To be a Negro, once they found you out, no matter how pale you were, was to work in kitchens or in choking laundries or at shoeshine stands where the disdainful white gentry thought about spitting down on you...
>
> "To be a Negro was to be unable to grasp any science beyond addition and plain cooking and driving a car, and philosophy beyond comic dream books... It was to have such unpleasant manners, invariably that you were never admitted to the dining-table of a decent house..... It was to be an animal physically. It was to be an animal culturally. ... It was to be an animal ethically, unable to keep from stealing and violence, from lying and treachery.

Something within him revolts against this conventional picture of the Negro that was engraved on his mind, a part of his bringing up as a "White gentleman'. He thinks. "But I'm not like that—Mum isn't—Biddy isn't". He thinks with tenderness of his golden-haired little daughter, and a new consciousness dawns on him:

"All right. If Biddy is a Negro, then everything I've ever heard about the Negroes—yes, and may be everything I've heard about the Jews and the Japs and the Russians, about religion and politics—all of that may be a lie, too.

"—If you are a Negro, you be one and fight as one. See if you can grow up, and then fight.

"—But I've got to learn what a Negro is; I've got to learn from the beginning, what I am!"

That is what Neil Kingsblood proceeds to do. For the first time he meets Negroes, as fellow-human beings, in their homes, and, to his complete astonishment, he finds that

> the Negroes are good and bad, intellectuals and loafers, scientists and bootleggers, communists and conservatives, firebrands and obsequious Uncle Toms,
>
> that they are just people, like any other people,
>
> that their complexions range all the way from coalblack to snow-white; but they are united by the 'bond of colour,' united by the discrimination practised by the whites against all of them, united by the consciousness of common destiny, by bitterness, burning grievance, and hate

As, inevitably he is sucked into the coloured race, Kingsblood is forsaken by all his white friends, he loses his "white job", he is humiliated and shunned, rendered a pariah and an outcaste, mobbed in his own home and almost lynched by those who once called him their friend. But what he loses is more than compensated by the new friends he makes among men and women of his race, by the consciousness of a just cause, by the comradeship of battle—a battle in which racial and economic issues are mixed, and the conscious proletariat and the humanists find themselves on the side of their coloured brothers. Therein lies the hope and the redemption of Neil Kingsblood and all the other Kingsbloods of the world.

Above The Battle —

In the all-pervading gloom of communal hatred and bitterness, more and more hopeful pin-points of light become visible.

From the North a Muslim friend has come with the story of how in the midst of the Delhi carnage a Sikh acquaintance of his saved his life by hiding him in the back of his car and drove him to the aerodrome from where a Canadian pilot friend flew him in a plane to Lahore. In the film circles the story is current of how a well-known Muslim producer owes his life to the humanity and presence of mind of a Sikh fellow-guest in a New Delhi hotel who lent him the steel 'kada' (bangle) worn by Sikhs and a turban and took him about with him as his 'shaved' cousin.

From Lahore comes the news of how Muslim employees of a film studio-owner saved his property, how a well-known Hindu film director was safely kept in hiding by his Muslim friends.

From Lahore comes the news of how of how the life and property of a well-known local Hindu Mahasabhaite was protected by his Muslim neighbours. And, as if to balance it, a friend from Calcutta tells me how a well-known Hindu Mahasabhaite Brahmin risked his life by challenging a Hindu mob to kill him first before doing any harm to any of his Muslim neighbours.

This Bengali friend also tells me of a middle-aged woman in Calcutta who has gone completely insane after witnessing the brutalities committed by HER SONS on the women of the opposite community. Her dementia is the most eloquent denunciation of the insanity that holds so many in the country in its grip.

All men of goodwill and reason believe, MUST believe, that there are many in ALL the communities who did not lose their sanity and their humanity in the midst of the communal massacres. If readers of this Page have heard of any such stories they are requested to send them to the "Chronicler." These stories must be authentic and not based on hearsay or wishful thinking.

That Knight Without Armour

I met a Muslim friend in the bus the other day. He had tears of grattitude in his eyes as he told me how Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was personally responsible for sending him news of his family in Delhi whom he had given up for killed, as he had no news of them ever since the trouble started in that city.

It appears that he wrote letter after letter to every one he knew in Delhi. He got no reply. Then he wrote to the local officials, the Deputy Commissioner, the Chief Commissioner, the Police Department. Still he could no find the whereabouts of his family. In sheer desperation he addressed a personal letter to the Prime Minister and within a few days got a reply, sympathising with his plight and assuring him that everything possible would be done to trace his family and inform him.

Three days later he got a letter from the Delhi Emergency Committee saying that "on instructions issued by the Honourable Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru", a search was made for my friend's family and they had been found to be alive and safe in a refugee camp.

Yes, there were tears in his eyes as he told me this story and ended by saying, "Imagine a few years ago I was a fanatical Muslim Leaguer and hated Gandhi and Nehru as enemies of Muslims! To-day I know they are our real friends and protectors." What he said about the perpetrators of Pakistan is not printable.

More fanatical Muslim communalists are being weaned away from their former ideology of hatred and turned into loyal nationalists by the humanity of Nehru and Gandhi than one could ever imagine. Not by killing, not by hatred, not by retaliation, are men converted to the ways of peace, but by love and reason and protection.

Students And Manners

I was (along with most others of my generation) quite a disorderly and subversive student both in school and college. But compared to the hectic activities of the students of to-day, especially the students of the United Provinces, we were absolutely dull and colourless and submissive. If at all we ever erupted into seditious activity it was only on such minor issues as hoisting of the national flag on the college building, strikes in protest against arrest of leaders, mourning for martyrs like Bhagat Singh, joining the satyagraha volunteers and facing lathi charges. We had not become aware of the larger and more important revolutionary issues like price of cinema tickets which agitate the students of to-day. Nor did we hit upon the brilliant idea (when we got plucked) of forming a Failures Association, and of going on strike and threatening the authorities with dire consequences unless "within October 6, you can publish that we have passed the Intermediate Examination."

The anarchic behaviour of the Lucknow students who recently staged a rowdy anti-Ministry demonstration at a public reception which was being given by the citizens to the popular Premier, Pandit Pant, to felicitate him on his sixtieth birthday, might have been an indication of the revolutionary tempo of the times. But to us it looked like execrable manners, bad taste, and not unrelated to the wave of violence and anarchy that has certain parts of the country in its grip.

Or is it merely that we are growing old?

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Patter:

A Dusserah Gift

By Asude

Dusserah is in the air,—in spite of the rat-tat-tat-tat of the machine guns at Turkman Gate. This is Delhi calling, I wish to make a gift,—a free gift to all old readers.

Have you had your character read yet? I mean, after you had it read last by the Head-master?

No, I do not mean by your old fogey of a father or your office Superintendent,---or, the Editor, They knoweth not what they say, and may the God have mercy on their souls. What I am talking about is one of those illuminating "Life-readings" which reach you by mail, just for your sending four lines of verse written in your own hand, and a couple of Rupees in stamps, "only to cover postage and clerical expenses".

Have you had one yet? No. Well, here you are having it,---without the poetry or the silver. Absolutely gratis, and for nothing. At other times, I would probably charge you two guineas for it, but it is the holy season and there is a peculiar tang in the air which tells me that Spring is not far behind.

Now, don't start worrying how an omnibus reading can tally with 'all' of you. See if it doesn't! I am shooting now.

Your Life-Chart

Scarcely though you suspected it, you were born under the same stars as Cicero, Alexander, Socrates, Diogenes, Shakespeare, Nebuchadnezzar, and Balaam's Ass. I am not quite sure, I confess, about Diogenes. If it was not he, it was Sophocles,—or Androcles,—somebody who made a lot of noise sometime or other.

But of one thing I am certain. The influence of Taurus has always been in confluence with the sympathy of Sagittarius, in spite of the truculence of Libra. You may take that as official,—straight from the stable.

You have, therefore, one of those subtle, sensitive temperaments, refuse to be content with what is earthy and attainable, and always hunger for the psychic and the supernal. It is no good your saying that you are not aware of it, for it is there. The stars cannot lie. And remember that this is all gratis.

You have a tremendous intensity of feeling, and can always tell whether it is joy or sorrow you are experiencing, but at the same time, you are also gifted with an inexhaustible fund of vitality which helps you to control your emotions as soon as they have subsided.

Don't go away with the idea that this reading is meant only to flatter you, for the stars never flatter. You have a serious fault against which it is my painful duty to warn you, as it has landed many people into misery. You are always thinking of others. You allow your heart to sway over your head.

The result is that you are obsessed with an unconquerable thirst for doing good to others, tempered only by your own few needs and those of your family. After you have fulfilled these needs, the only persons you spend your time on,—thinking,—are others.

Your intelligence, which is of an unique kind, has never been adequately appreciated by your fellows. They do not know it, but let 'me' tell you that the only reason why you have not beaten Ford or Pierpont Morgan or Dalmia at their own games is because they had all the chances, and you had none. The sympathy of Sagittarius always works that way.

You are pious without being bigoted, staunch without being dogmatic, and you have the rare faculty of making true friends. You have not discovered them all yet, but they are there all the time. There is, for instance, a naturalised Pole in Nova Scotia, companionship with whom will bring you the quintessence of spiritual bliss. All you have to do is to arrange a meeting, and you will then see if I am right oor wrong.

Now, your wife. Your love for your wife would be the theme for another epic, but for the fact that neither you nor anybody else ever give a thought to it. Do. In the meantime, you have the rare perspicacity to see that beating the woman is no longer done,—not in the year of Grace 1947.

That is all I can tell you this Dusserah season.

★

Now, after the clapping has subsided, I know the question which will be bursting for release from a thousand lips. "How marvellous!" But how could the man tell? It is 'so' true, my dear.....All that about my spiritual hunger and thoughts for others!...."Exactly. But why worry when it does happen to be true,—and yet all for nothing. If it is good for nothing, why bother?

That is the 'belaiti' way of collecting postage stamps. A different system is followed in India, land of mystics and mahatmas. It is not played with stamps, and the outlay is negligible. Here is the dope.

All you have to do is get a quantity of saffron-coloured dust, and a man with a hundred Rupee note. Put the war-paint on, and approach the man with the note and assure him that under proper conditions you could, with absolute ease, double the amount staked.

Get hold of a Judge, or a Barrister,—preferably with a Continental degree in Science,—they always keep an open mind. He has only to bury the note in a sequestered spot sanctified by a few ceremonies, just for the spell to work, and then go away for a couple of days. He may even keep a guard on the spot if he likes.

Suggest yourself that for safety's sake, let him invest no more than a Ten-Rupee note to start with. He does. And when he comes back at the appointed hour.....Great Je-so-ha-phat! —there are 'two' Ten-Rupee notes side by side where he left only one! Your position as a red-hot Fakir (Fakir, printer, NOT Faker) from the Himalayas is well and truly established.

Where do you go from there? Well, naturally, the get-rich-quick gamester goes in for a bigger flutter, and stakes that Hundred-Rupee note of his. It is only reasonable, you know. You would, I would, anybody would.

The next step depends on your immediate needs, and your ambition. You can ring the curtain down here and take a fast tonga for the Railway station. Or, if you are a veteran, you can work it up to a Thousand Rupees. With luck. It depends.

There is a 'touching' Freemasonry about the business which gives the lie thumping to Kipling. The "twain" do meet,—sometimes. But that is neither here nor there. Read that Life-Chart. Have it framed and put up in the hall It will pay.

I would like a book that would utterly devour me. . . .

BERLIN'S MAKE-DO EXHIBITION

(See Back Cover)

Pleased with themselves after having their finds reconditioned are these Berlin youths, sold or exchanged, they may mean several meals.

Household furniture reconditioned after months under debris delights the German hausfrau.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

(LEFT)

German women encouraged by the posters get down to digging among the ruins which seem to yield a rich find.

(RIGHT)

t seems hardly credible that this typewriter will ever be used again.

Berlin's Make-Do Exhibition

Patch and Make-do' are the watch words in Berlin these days. The realisation that the Allies had come to stay for a considerable time, and had no intention to pamper the population, took a long while to sink in. But now, the severe winter behind them, they are beginning to get down to the herculean task of rebuilding their bomb-scarred and shell-torn city. Materials of course are non-existent, but Berliners are used to improvising. 'Ersatz' had been drummed into them by Dr. Goebbels propaganda since the early 'thirties, and does not mean a tremendous hardship for them.

An exhibition to aid Berliners in their task of reconstruction has just been opened at the Berlin Broadcasting House. Here they can see how to build even complete houses from materials salvaged from the ruins, that are modern Berlin. Roofs are comparatively easy to reconstruct to these experts. Further a new type of liquid is demonstrated which dissolves the rust from all rusty objects and hence makes them usable once more. Among other things, sewing machines, typewriters, dynamos, spanners and even car wheels salvaged from the ruins and reconditioned are on show.

Let us hope that this spirit of reconstruction has replaced their previous destructive temper for good. It is only by raising Berlin, the centre of Europe, from its rubble heap, that the future prosperity of Europe can be safeguarded.

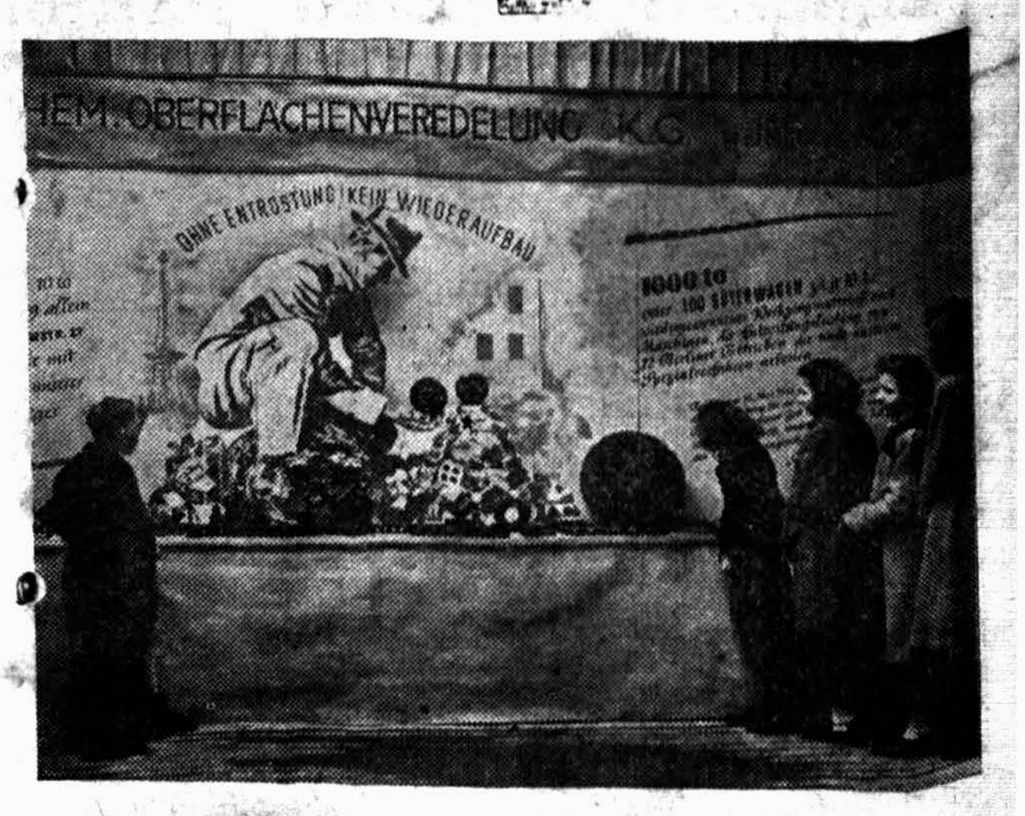
(More Pictures On Page 23)

Underneath the thick coating of rust the sewing machine is hardly recognizable.

Before and after reconditioning an electric cooker—a minor miracle!

A group of interested Berliners looking at one of the houses exhibited—built entirely of salvage material.

Large mass of bolts rusted together being cleaned with acid ready for use.



This is another advertisement poster seen at the Berlin Exhibition. It pictures rust as the enemy, and names a proprietary brand of rust remover.

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